

High Altitude Balloon

Power Bus Development Team

- Todd Rogers
- Aoun Barki
- Henok Feseha

Faculty Advisors

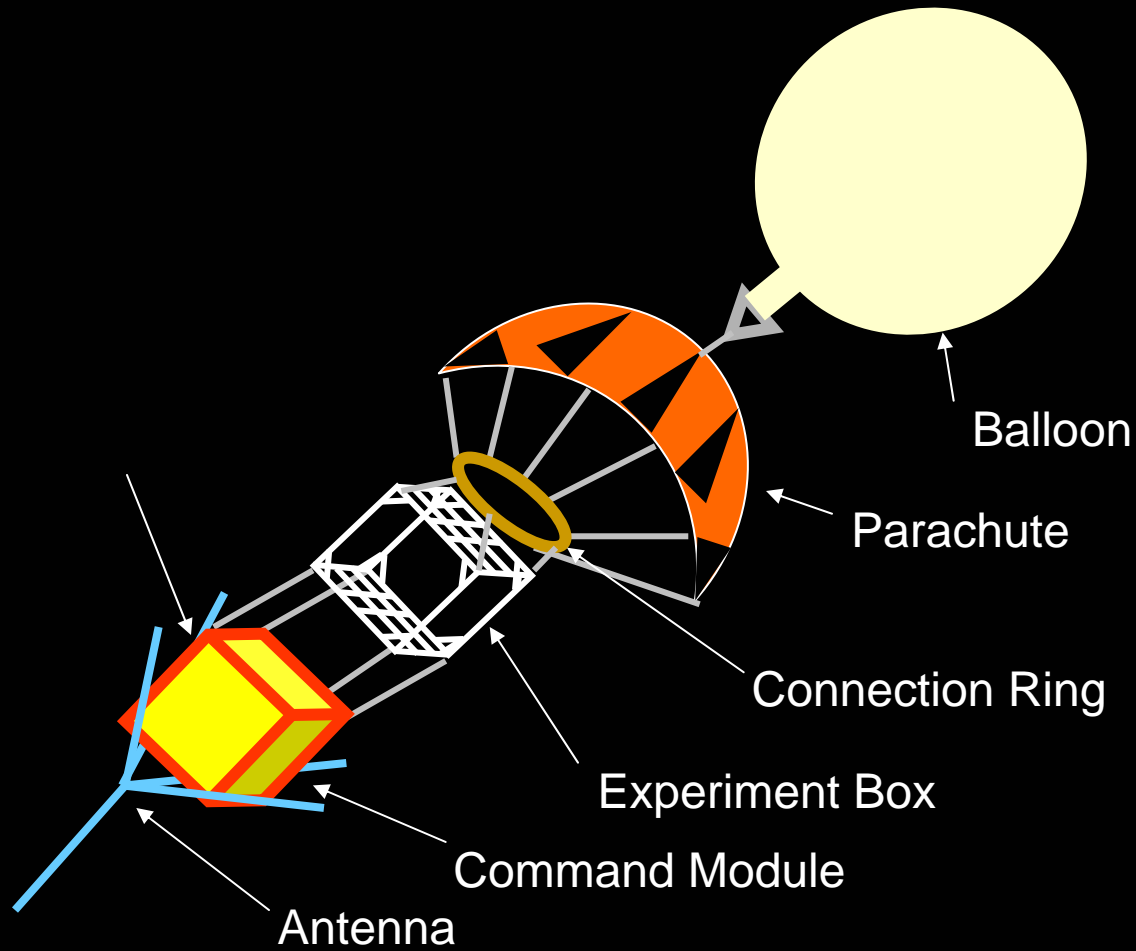


- John Wu
- John Gallagher
- Joseph Slater
- Bruce Rahn (Mentor)

Introduction to HIBAL Design

- What is HIBAL?
 - Dedicated to the exploration of near space for scientific and educational purposes

Balloon Setup



Objective

- Design a universal power bus that replaces multiple power sources
 - Reduce weight
 - Space (physical access)
 - Providing power for 5 to 8 hours
- Research alternate power source
 - Solar panels
 - Secondary power supply

Parts of Power Bus

- Battery Pack (power supply)
- Micro-converters
- Casing and boards

Specifications for Battery Design

- Light weight (two boxes, 12 lb limit)
- Small size (area inside box is limited)
- Temperature sensitive (0° C at 85 K ft.) ?
- Rechargeable
- Power all components for 5 hours
- Adding future components

Li-Ion 18650 11.1V 6600 mAh

PCB protection board

Rechargeable

Light weight (10 ounces)

Small size (7.0" L x 2.2" W x 1.2" H)

Temperature range (-40° C to +80° C)?

No memory effect (charge at any time)



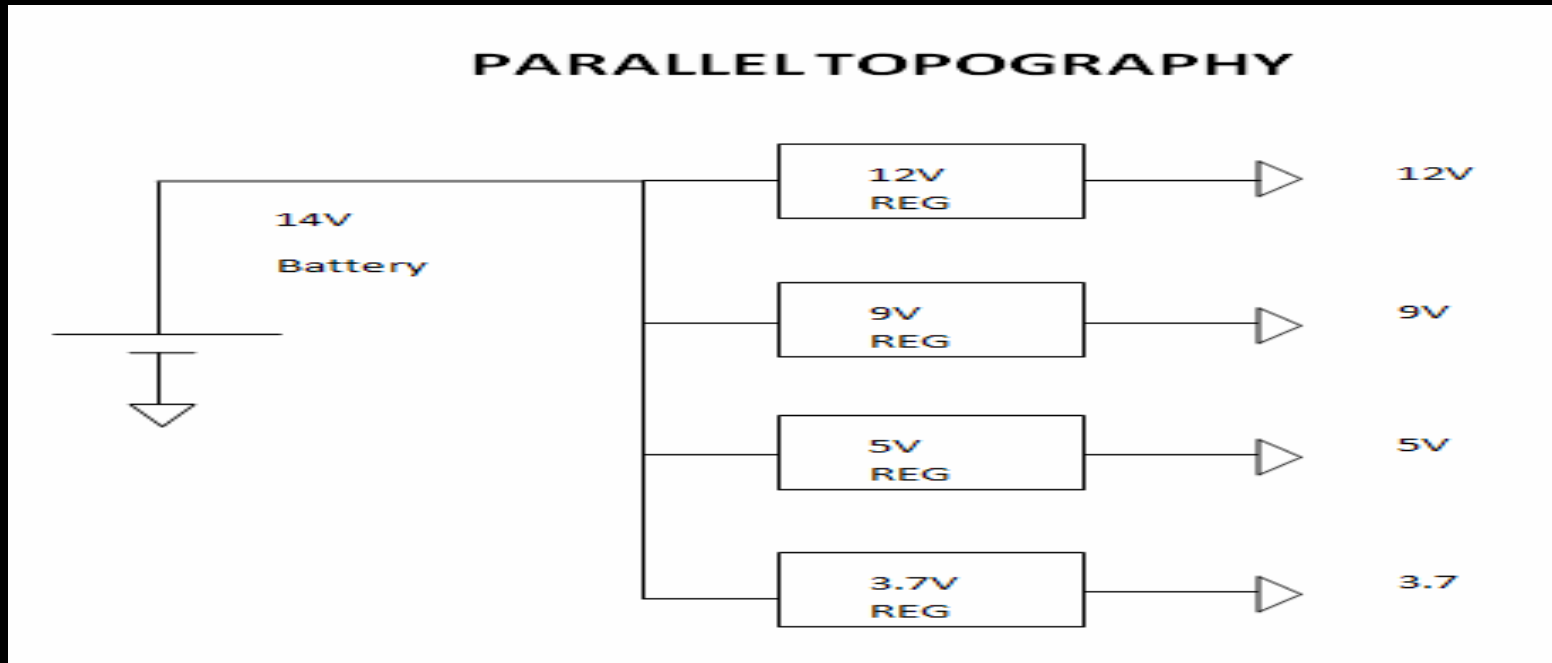
Problem ?

- The rate of chemical reaction decreases with decreasing temperature, therefore voltage and current capacity decrease.
- By how much?
- If battery completely discharges, it's ruined

Battery Testing

- Room temperature
- Refrigerator testing
- Freezer
- Dry ice ?
- Design a spreadsheet to analyze how temperature is proportional to battery performance

Basic model



Not Including the 3.7V

Final List of Regulators

- SR7805-05W : Outputs 5V
 - Input Range : 6-32V
- SR7805-09W : Outputs 9V
 - Input Range : 6-32V
- Boost-Buck Converter : Outputs regulated 12V

Boost Buck Converter

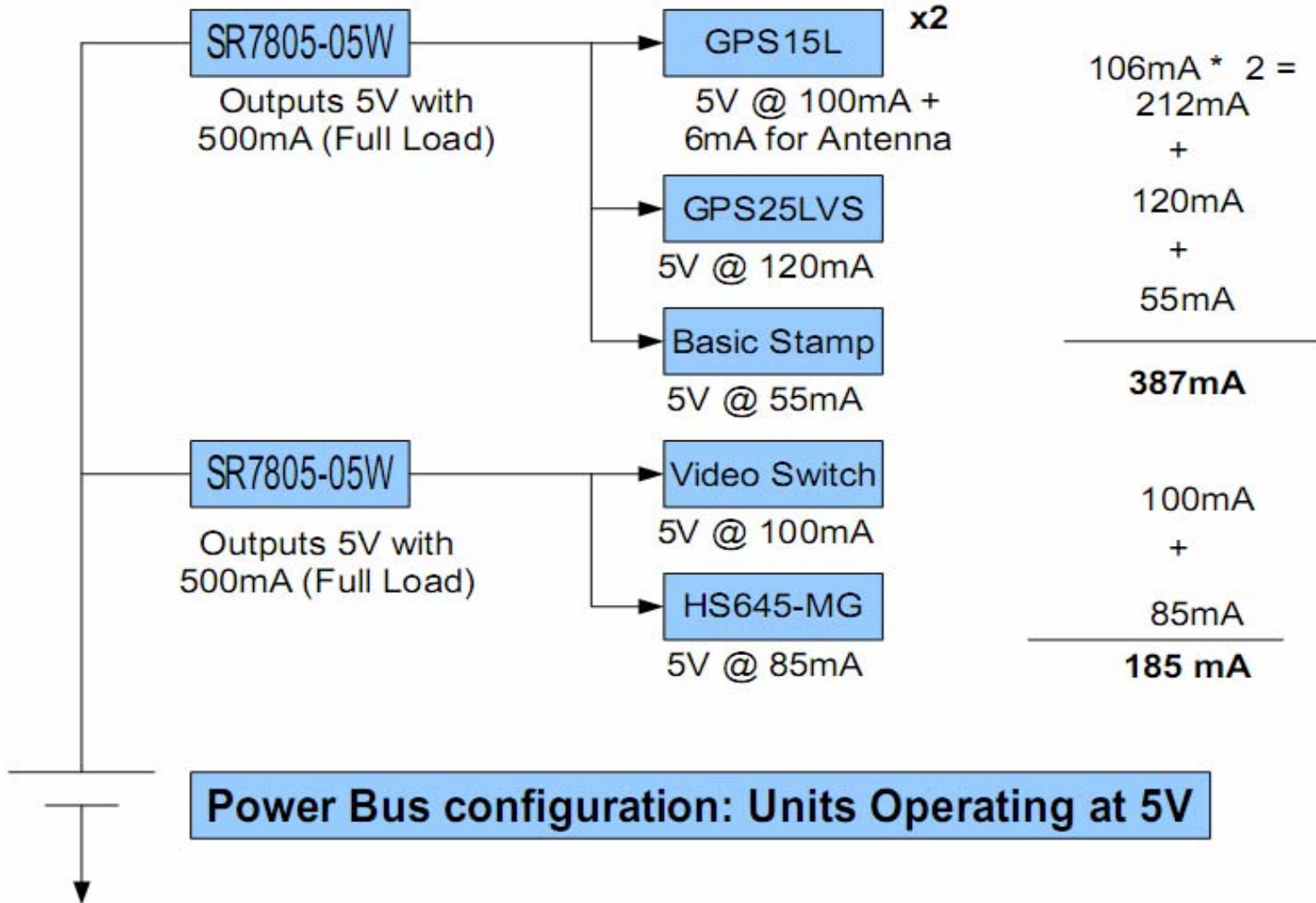
- Boost-Buck topology will allow the DC input voltage to be higher or lower than the output voltage.
- With temperature changes, during flight, the converter will ensure a constant 12V supply to units requiring V_{in} of 12V
- We are using Model # ASD10

Boost Buck Converter

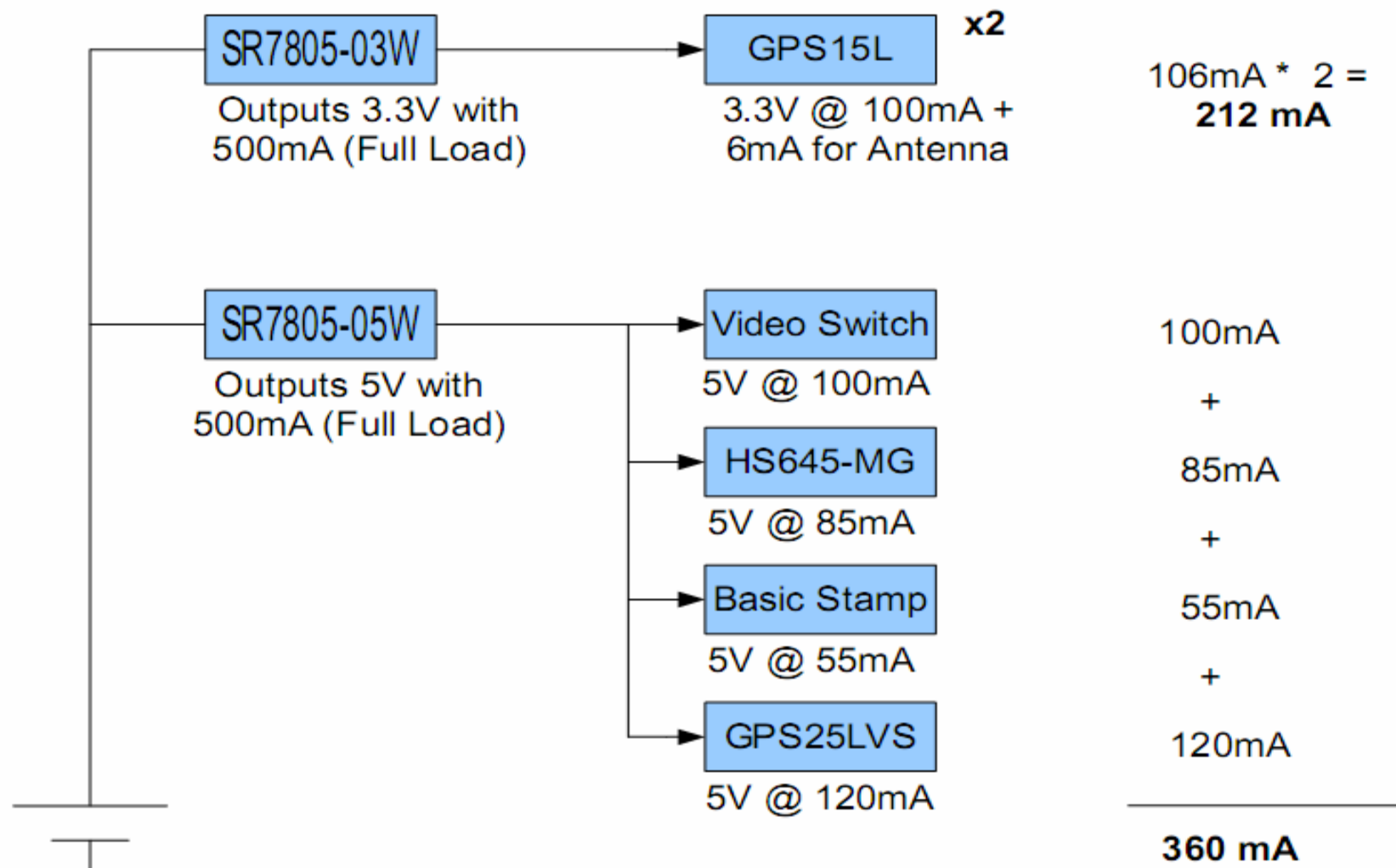
- Astrodyne Model # ASD10
- Wide 4 : 1 input range
- High Efficiency
- Regulated Output of 12V.



5V Equipment

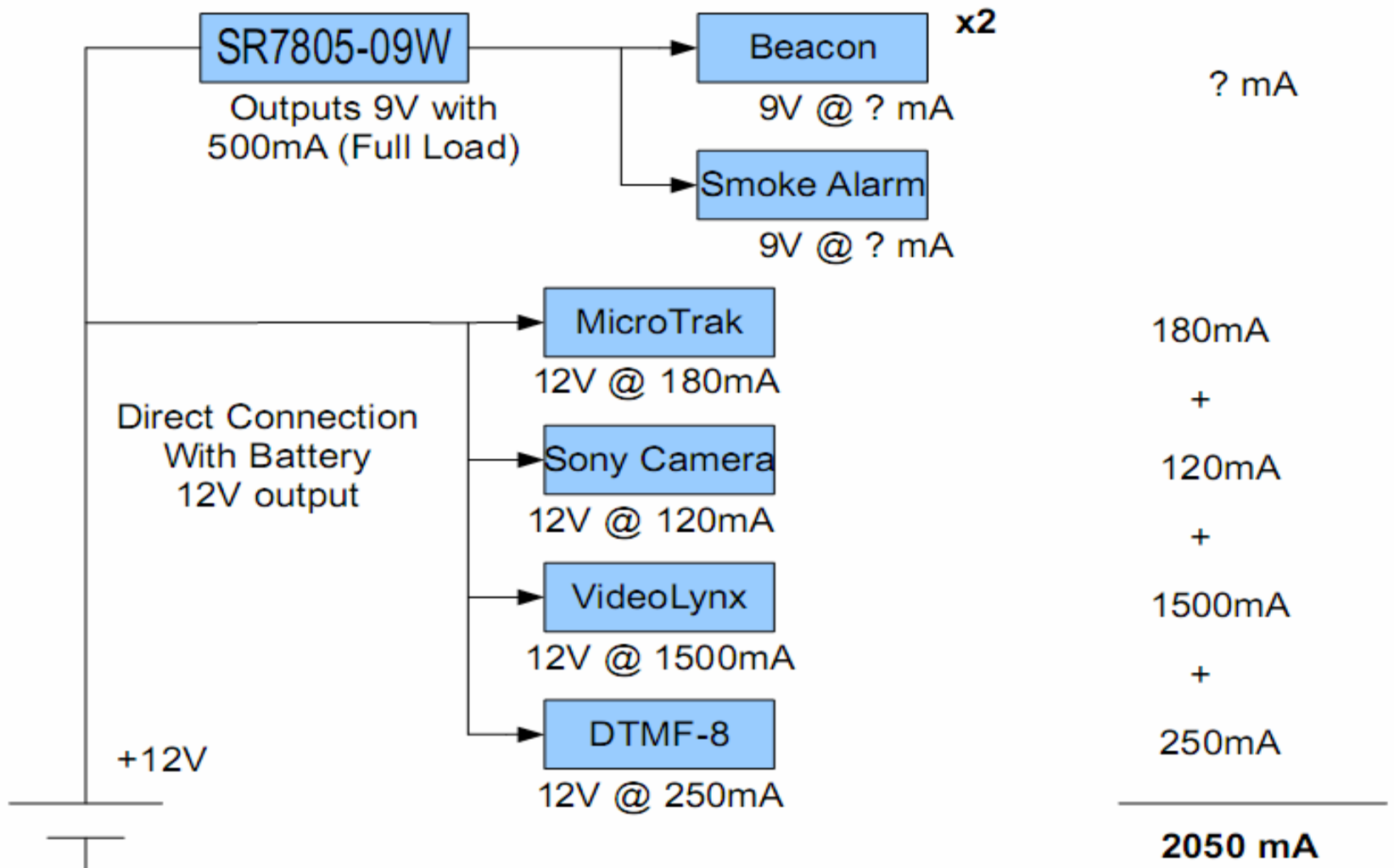


3.3V for GPS Units



Power Bus configuration: Using 3.3Vin for GPS15L and 5Vin for others

12V & 9V Equipment



Configuration for Equipment requiring 12V and 9V to operate

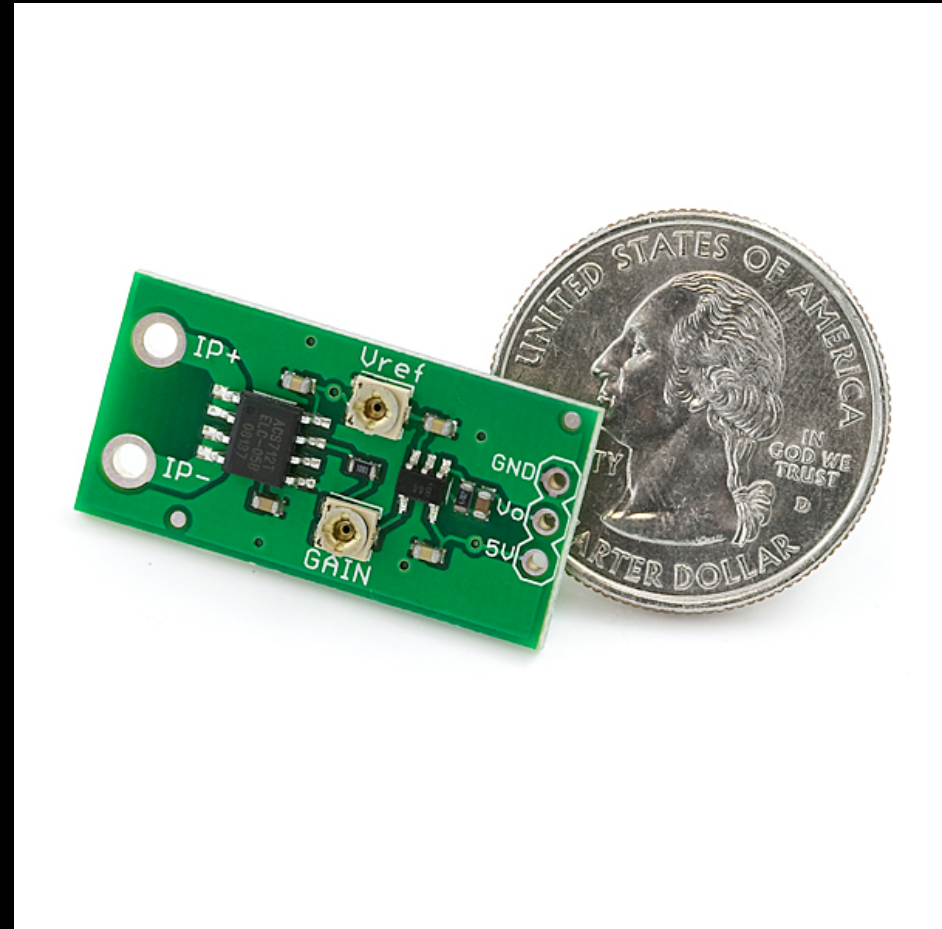
Upcoming Schedule For Regulators



- Calculate Efficiency
- Build boards to be mounted on the power bus casing.
- Build connectors for the equipment
- Cold Test regulators with the Bus
- Send a “test board” up with the old package to calculate efficiency in real-time

ACS712 Low Current Sensor

- Sensor gives precise current measurement for both AC and DC signals
- Measures up to 5A of DC or AC current.
- Small & Inexpensive



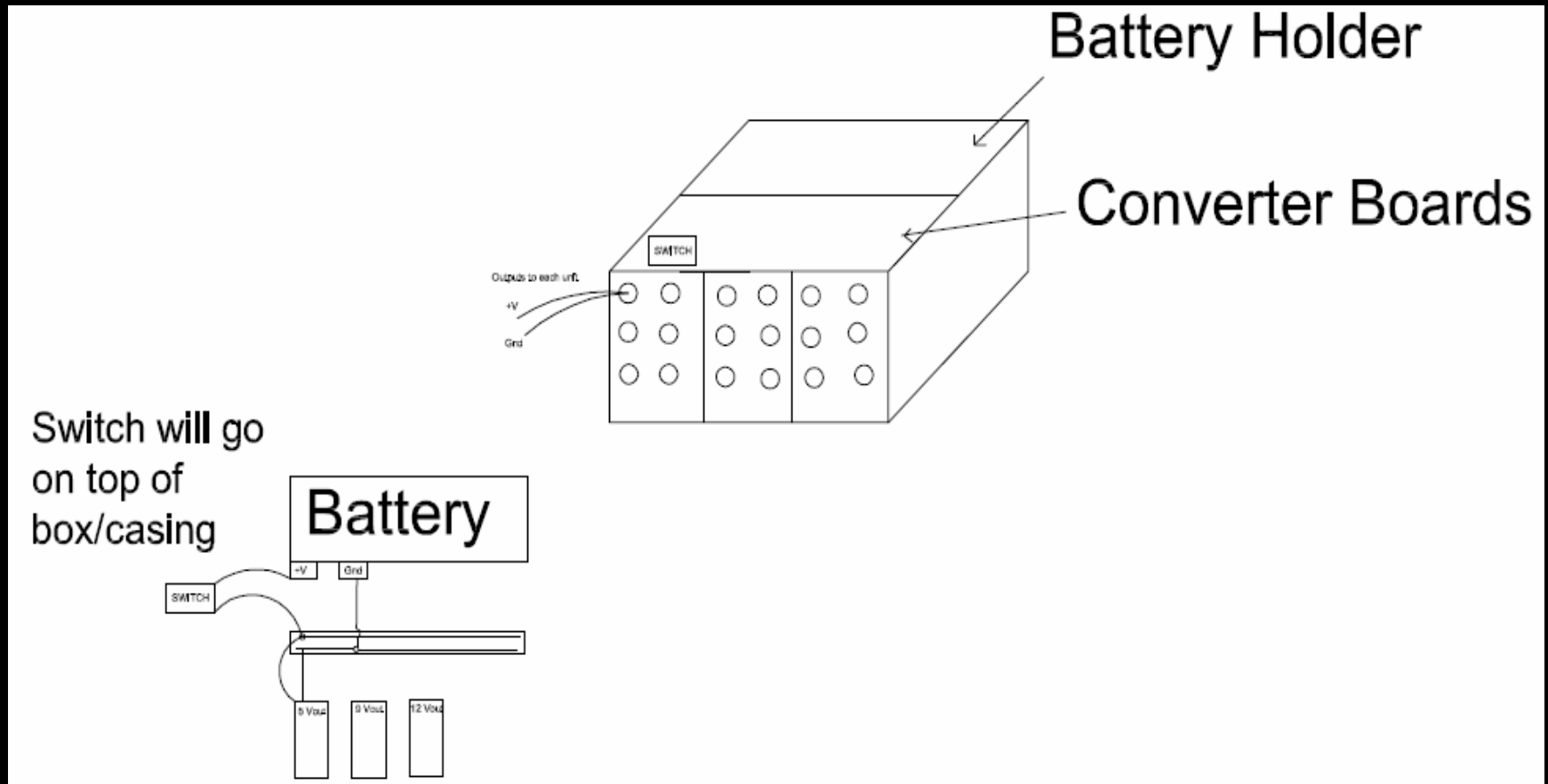
Converters Tested With Loads



Efficiencies Not
Included:

	Voltage Tested	Theoretical Current	Resister Used (Ohms)	Output current
SR7805-05W	5	500mA Full	10	500 mA
SR7805-05W	5	250mA half	20	250 mA
SR7805-05W	5	no load		2 mA
D112ER	9	111mA Full	82	111 mA
D112ER	9	55.5mA half	162	56.5 mA
D112ER	9	No load 15mA		12 mA

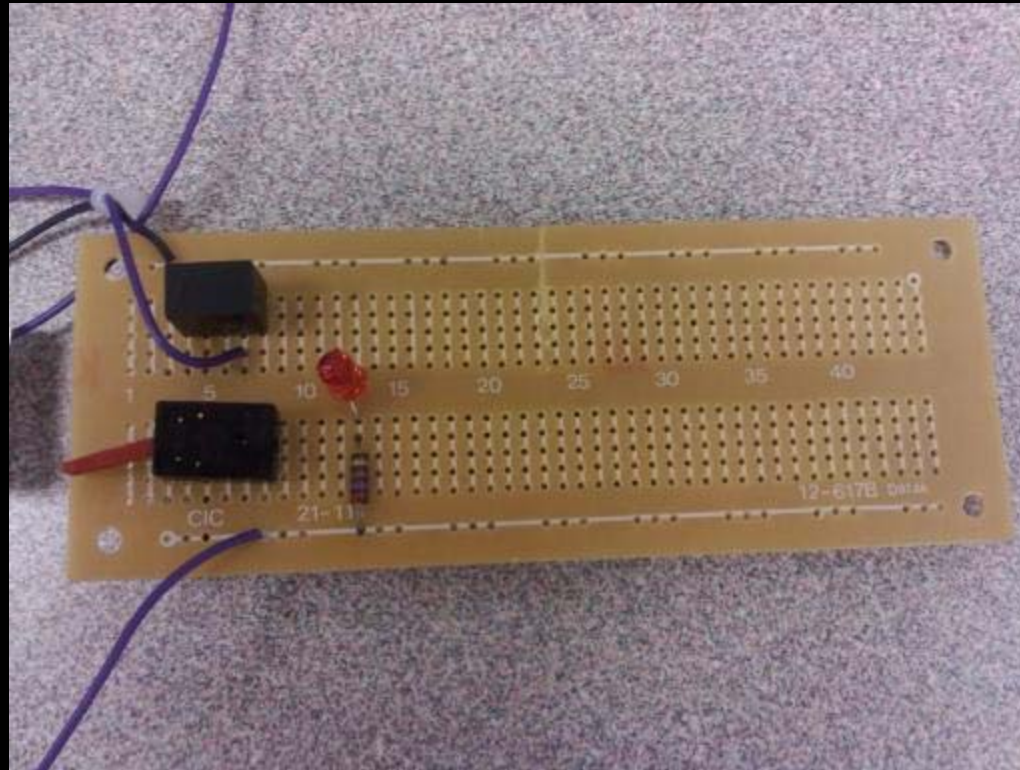
Power Bus Casing



Top Box Switch



Circuit Board



Cost

Equipments	Cost
Converters	\$100
Connecters	\$10
Switch's	\$4.50
Circuit Boards	\$3.50
	Total = \$118

Conclusion

- HIBAL – What is HIBAL?
- Our main objective and solution
 - Centralized Power bus system
- Battery
- Micro-converters, voltage converters
- Team is on schedule

Contact Information

- Todd Rogers (rogers.17@wright.edu)
- Aoun Barki (barki.2@wright.edu)
- Henok Feseha (fescha.2@wright.edu)
- www.engineering.wright.edu/balloon/index.php/main_page

ANY QUESTIONS ????