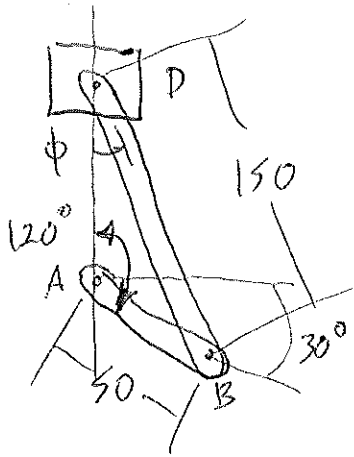


PROB. 15-126



$$\omega_{AB} = \left(900 \frac{\text{REV}}{\text{MIN}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{MIN}}{60 \text{ S}} \right) \left(\frac{2\pi}{\text{REV}} \right) = 94.25 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{S}}$$

$$\alpha_{AB} = 0 \quad \text{FIND } a_D$$

VELOCITY

$$\vec{v}_B = \vec{v}_A + \omega_{AB} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{B/A}$$

$$\vec{r}_{B/A} = (0.05 \cdot \cos 30^\circ) \hat{i} + (-0.05 \cdot \sin 30^\circ) \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{r}_{B/A} = (0.0433) \hat{i} + (-0.025) \hat{j} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{v}_B = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & -94.25 \\ 0.0433 & -0.025 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [0 - (-94.25)(-0.025)] \hat{i} - [0 - (-94.25)(0.0433)] \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{v}_B = (-2.356) \hat{i} + (-4.081) \hat{j} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{S}}$$

$$\vec{v}_D = \vec{v}_B + \omega_{BD} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{D/B}$$

$$\sin \phi = \left(\frac{0.0433}{0.15} \right) \Rightarrow \phi = 16.78^\circ$$

$$\cos \phi = \frac{y}{0.15} \Rightarrow y = 0.15 \cdot \cos 16.78^\circ = 0.1436 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{r}_{D/B} = (-0.0433) \hat{i} + (0.1436) \hat{j} \text{ m}$$

$$\omega_{BD} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{D/B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & \omega_{BD} \\ -0.0433 & 0.1436 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

PROB. 15-126 CONT.

$$\omega_{BD} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{D/B} = [0 - (\omega_{BD})(0.1436)] \hat{i} - [0 - (\omega_{BD})(-0.0433)] \hat{j}$$
$$= (-0.1436 \omega_{BD}) \hat{i} + (-0.0433 \omega_{BD}) \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{v}_D = (-2.356) \hat{i} + (-4.081) \hat{j} + (-0.1436 \omega_{BD}) \hat{i}$$
$$+ (-0.0433 \omega_{BD}) \hat{j}$$

$$v_{Dx} = 0 = -2.356 - 0.1436 \omega_{BD} \Rightarrow \omega_{BD} = -16.40 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{s}} \quad \curvearrowright$$

ACCELERATION

$$\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_A + \omega_{AB} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{B/A} - \omega_{AB}^2 \vec{r}_{B/A}$$
$$= -(-94.25)^2 [(0.0433) \hat{i} + (-0.025) \hat{j}]$$

$$\vec{a}_B = (-384.6) \hat{i} + (222.1) \hat{j} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\vec{a}_D = \vec{a}_B + \omega_{BD} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{D/B} - \omega_{BD}^2 \vec{r}_{D/B}$$

$$\omega_{BD} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{D/B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & \omega_{BD} \\ -0.0433 & 0.1436 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [0 - (\omega_{BD})(0.1436)] \hat{i} - [0 - (\omega_{BD})(-0.0433)] \hat{j}$$

$$= (-0.1436 \omega_{BD}) \hat{i} + (-0.0433 \omega_{BD}) \hat{j} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$-\omega_{BD}^2 \vec{r}_{D/B} = -(-16.4)^2 [(-0.0433) \hat{i} + (0.1436) \hat{j}]$$

$$= (11.64) \hat{i} + (-38.62) \hat{j} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

PROB. 19-126 CONT.

$$\vec{a}_p = (-384.6)\hat{i} + (222.1)\hat{j} + (-0.1436\alpha_{BD})\hat{i} \\ + (-0.0433\alpha_{BD})\hat{j} + (11.64)\hat{i} + (-38.62)\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_D = (-373.0 - 0.1436\alpha_{BD})\hat{i} + \left(\overset{183.5}{2160\cancel{m}} - 0.0433\alpha_{BD}\right)\hat{j}$$

$$a_{Dx} = 0 = -373 - 0.1436\alpha_{BD} \Rightarrow \alpha_{BD} = -2597 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\vec{a}_D = [183.5 - 0.0433(-2597)]\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_D = (295.9)\hat{j} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$