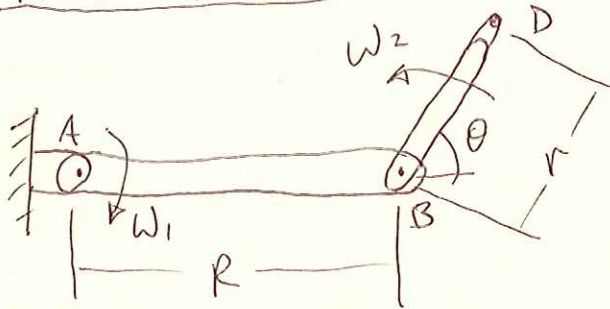


PROB. 15-170

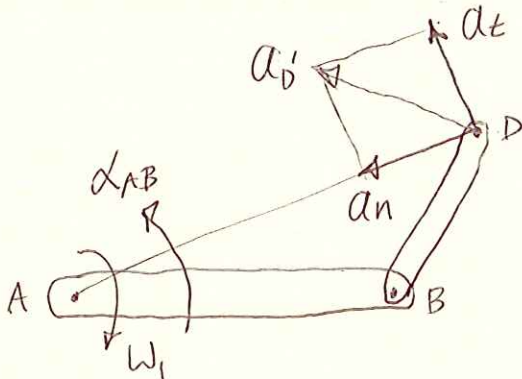


$$\omega_{AB} = \omega_1 \downarrow$$

$$\omega_{BD} = \omega_2 \uparrow$$

SHOW THAT  $a_D$  PASSES THROUGH A FOR  $\omega_2 = 2\omega_1$

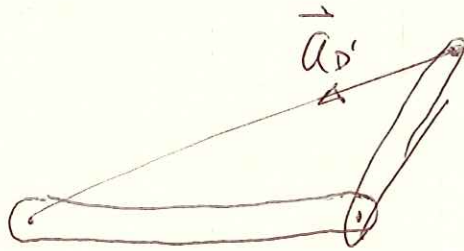
$$\vec{a}_D = \vec{a}_B + \vec{a}_{D/AB} + \vec{a}_C$$



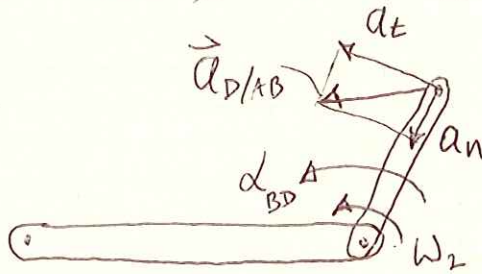
$$\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_A + \vec{\omega}_{AB} \times \vec{r}_{B/A} - \omega_1^2 \vec{r}_{B/A}$$

$$\vec{r}_{B/A} = (R + r \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (r \sin \theta) \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_B = -\omega_1^2 [(R + r \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (r \sin \theta) \hat{j}]$$



$$\vec{a}_{D/AB} = \vec{\omega}_{BD} \times \vec{r}_{D/B} - \omega_2^2 \vec{r}_{D/B}$$

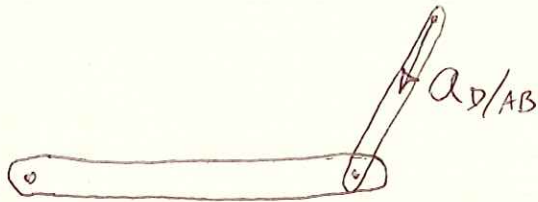


$$\vec{a}_{D/AB} = -\omega_2^2 [(r \cos \theta) \hat{i} + (r \sin \theta) \hat{j}]$$

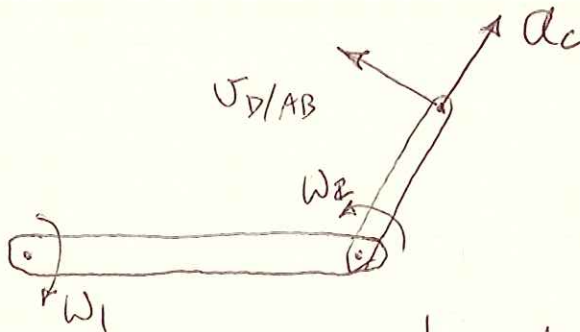
$$\vec{a}_{D/AB} = -r (2\omega_1)^2 [(\cos \theta) \hat{i} + (\sin \theta) \hat{j}]$$

$$\vec{a}_D = -4r\omega_1^2 [(\cos \theta) \hat{i} + (\sin \theta) \hat{j}]$$

PROB. 15-170 CONT.



$$\vec{a}_c = 2\omega_1 \hat{k} \times \vec{v}_{D/AB}$$



$$\vec{v}_{D/AB} = \omega_2 \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{D/B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & \omega_2 \\ r \cos \theta & r \sin \theta & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [0 - (\omega_2)(r \sin \theta)] \hat{i} - [0 - (\omega_2)(r \cos \theta)] \hat{j}$$

$$= (-r \omega_2 \sin \theta) \hat{i} + (r \omega_2 \cos \theta) \hat{j}$$

$$= [-r(2\omega_1) \sin \theta] \hat{i} + [r(2\omega_1) \cos \theta] \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{v}_{D/AB} = (-2r\omega_1 \sin \theta) \hat{i} + (2r\omega_1 \cos \theta) \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_c = 2\omega_1 \hat{k} \times \vec{v}_{D/AB} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & (-2\omega_1) \\ -2r\omega_1 \sin \theta & 2r\omega_1 \cos \theta & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [0 - (-2\omega_1)(2r\omega_1 \cos \theta)] \hat{i} - [0 - (-2\omega_1)(-2r\omega_1 \sin \theta)] \hat{j}$$

PROB. 15-170 CONT.

$$\vec{a}_c = (4r\omega_1^2 \cos\theta)\hat{i} + (4r\omega_1^2 \sin\theta)\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_c = 4r\omega_1^2 [(\cos\theta)\hat{i} + (\sin\theta)\hat{j}]$$

$$\vec{a}_D = -\omega_1^2 [(R+r\cos\theta)\hat{i} + (r\sin\theta)\hat{j}]$$

$$-4r\omega_1^2 [(\cos\theta)\hat{i} + (\sin\theta)\hat{j}]$$

$$+4r\omega_1^2 [(\cos\theta)\hat{i} + (\sin\theta)\hat{j}]$$

$$\vec{a}_D = -\omega_1^2 [(R+r\cos\theta)\hat{i} + (r\sin\theta)\hat{j}]$$

$$\vec{a}_D = -\omega_1^2 \vec{r}_{D/A} \text{ PASSES THROUGH POINT D}$$