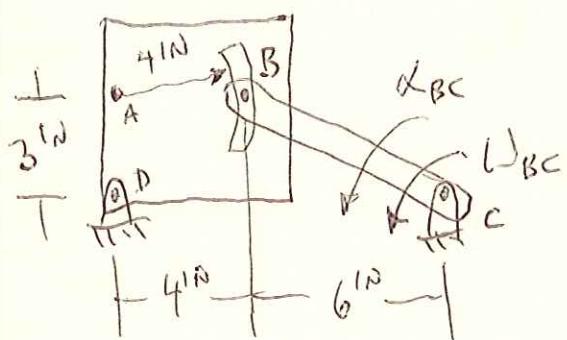


PROB. 15-177



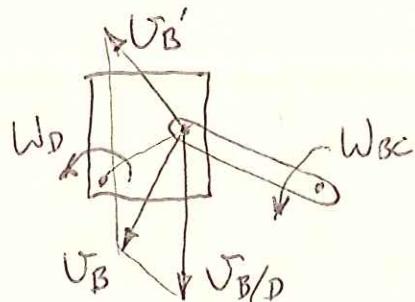
$$\omega_{BC} = 3 \frac{R_{AD}}{s}, \alpha_{BC} = 2 \frac{R_{AD}}{s^2}$$

Find  $\alpha_D$

$$\vec{V}_B = \vec{V}_{B'} + \vec{V}_{BD}$$

$$\vec{V}_B = \omega_{BC} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{B/C}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -6 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$



$$= [0 - (3)(3)] \hat{i} - [0 - (3)(-6)] \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{V}_B = (-9) \hat{i} + (18) \hat{j} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\vec{V}_{B'} = \omega_D \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{B'/D} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & \omega_D \\ 4 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [0 - (\omega_D)(3)] \hat{i} - [0 - (\omega_D)(4)] \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{V}_{B'} = (-3\omega_D) \hat{i} + (4\omega_D) \hat{j} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\vec{V}_{BD} = (-V_{BD}) \hat{j} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{s}}$$

$$(-9) \hat{i} + (18) \hat{j} = (-3\omega_D) \hat{i} + (4\omega_D) \hat{j} + (-V_{BD}) \hat{j}$$

$$X\text{-DIRECTION: } -9 = -3\omega_D \Rightarrow \omega_D = 3 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{s}}$$

PROB. 15-177 cont.

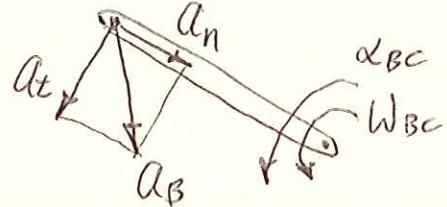
$$Y\text{-DIRECT(ON)}: -18 = 4(3) - V_{BD} \Rightarrow V_{BD} = 30 \frac{W}{S}$$

$$\vec{V}_{B/D} = (-30) \hat{i} + \frac{12}{5} \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{\alpha}_B = \vec{\alpha}_{B'} + \vec{\alpha}_{B/D} + \vec{\alpha}_c$$

$$\vec{\alpha}_B = \alpha_{BC} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{B/C} - \omega_{BC}^2 \vec{r}_{B/C}$$

$$\alpha_{BC} \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{B/C} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ -6 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$



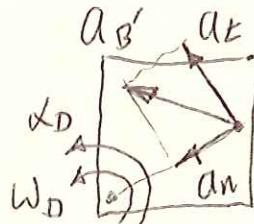
$$= [0 - (2)(3)] \hat{i} - [0 - (2)(-6)] \hat{j} = (-6) \hat{i} + (-12) \hat{j} \frac{W}{S^2}$$

$$-\omega_{BC}^2 \vec{r}_{B/C} = -(3)^2 [(-6) \hat{i} + (3) \hat{j}] = (54) \hat{i} + (-27) \hat{j} \frac{W}{S^2}$$

$$\vec{\alpha}_B = (48) \hat{i} + (-39) \hat{j} \frac{W}{S^2}$$

$$\vec{\alpha}_{B'} = \alpha_D \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{B'/D} - \omega_D^2 \vec{r}_{B'/D}$$

$$\vec{r}_{B'/D} = (4) \hat{i} + (3) \hat{j} \frac{W}{S}$$



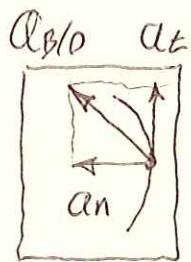
$$\alpha_D \hat{k} \times \vec{r}_{B'/D} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \alpha_D \\ 4 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [0 - (\alpha_D)(3)] \hat{i} - [0 - (\alpha_D)(4)] \hat{j} = (-3\alpha_D) \hat{i} + (4\alpha_D) \hat{j} \frac{W}{S^2}$$

$$-\omega_D^2 \vec{r}_{B'/D} = -(3)^2 [(4) \hat{i} + (3) \hat{j}] = (-36) \hat{i} + (-27) \hat{j} \frac{W}{S^2}$$

PROB. 15-177 CONT.

$$\vec{a}_B = (-3\omega_D - 36) \hat{i} + (4\omega_D - 27) \hat{j} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{s}^2}$$

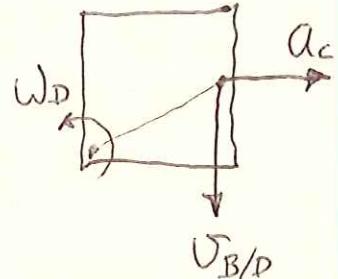


$$\vec{a}_{B/D} = \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} \hat{e}_t + \frac{\vec{v}^2}{s} \hat{e}_n \quad \text{EON. (11.39)}$$

$$\vec{a}_{B/D} = (\alpha_{BD}) \hat{j} + \left[ -\frac{(\vec{v}_{B/D})^2}{s} \right] \hat{i} = \left[ -\frac{(-30)^2}{(4)} \right] \hat{i} + (\alpha_{BD}) \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a}_{B/D} = (-225) \hat{i} + (\alpha_{BD}) \hat{j} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\vec{a}_c = 2\omega_D \hat{k} \times \vec{v}_{B/D} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & -30 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$



$$\vec{a}_c = [0 - (6)(-30)] \hat{i} = (180) \hat{i} \frac{\text{in}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$(48) \hat{i} + (-39) \hat{j} = (-3\omega_D - 36) \hat{i} + (4\omega_D - 27) \hat{j} + (-225) \hat{i} + (\alpha_{BD}) \hat{j} + (180) \hat{i}$$

$$X-\text{DIRECTION: } 48 = -3\omega_D - 36 - 225 + 180$$

$$\boxed{\omega_D = -43 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{s}^2}}$$

$$Y-\text{DIRECTION: } -39 = 4(-43) - 27 + \alpha_{BD}$$

$$\boxed{\alpha_{BD} = (160) \frac{\text{in}}{\text{s}^2}}$$