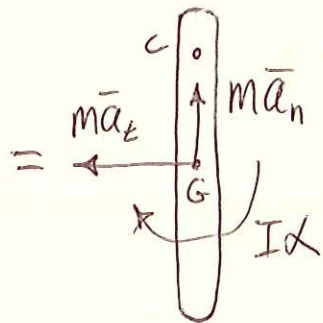
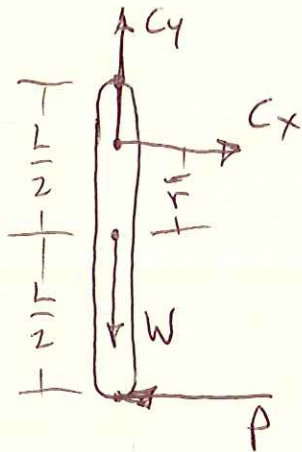


PROB. 16-78

$$L = 0.9 \text{ m}, \quad m = 4 \text{ kg}, \quad P = 75 \text{ N}, \quad \bar{r} = 0.225 \text{ m},$$

FIND α , C_x , C_y



$$\Sigma F_x = m \bar{a}_x:$$

$$C_x - P = -m \bar{a}_t$$

$$C_x = P - m \bar{r} \alpha$$

$$\Sigma F_y = m \bar{a}_y: \quad C_y - W = m \bar{a}_n, \quad a_n = r \omega^2 = 0 \text{ SINCE } \omega = 0$$

$$C_y = W = mg = (4 \text{ kg}) \left(9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \right) = 39.24 \text{ N} \uparrow$$

$$\Sigma M_c = \Sigma (M_c)_{\text{EFF}} \uparrow: \quad -\left(\frac{L}{2} + \bar{r}\right) P = -\bar{r} m \bar{a}_t - I \alpha$$

$$\left(\frac{L}{2} + \bar{r}\right) P = \bar{r} m \bar{r} \alpha + \frac{1}{12} m L^2 \alpha$$

$$\alpha \left[m \left(\bar{r}^2 + \frac{L^2}{12} \right) \right] = \left(\frac{L}{2} + \bar{r}\right) P$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\left(\frac{L}{2} + \bar{r}\right) P}{m \left(\bar{r}^2 + \frac{L^2}{12} \right)} = \frac{\left[\left(\frac{0.9 \text{ m}}{2}\right) + (0.225 \text{ m}) \right] (75 \text{ N})}{(4 \text{ kg}) \left[(0.225 \text{ m})^2 + \frac{(0.9 \text{ m})^2}{12} \right]}$$

$$\alpha = 107.1 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{s}^2} \curvearrowright$$

$$C_x = (75 \text{ N}) - (4 \text{ kg}) (0.225 \text{ m}) (107.1 \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{s}^2}) = -21.43 \text{ N} \leftarrow$$