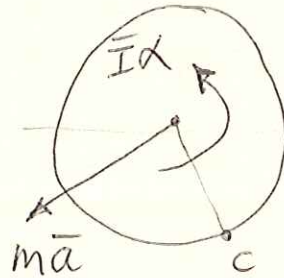
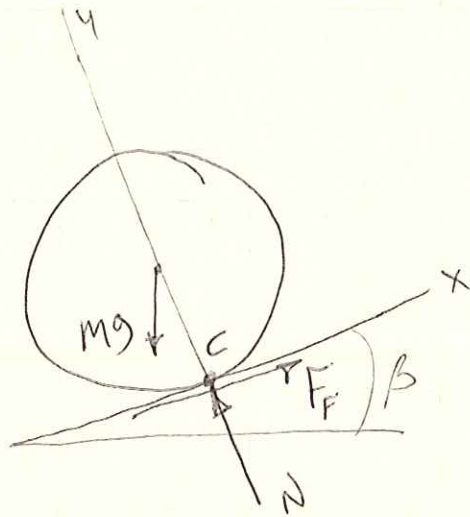


PROB. 16-96

FIND  $\beta$  FOR NO SLIPPING



$$\Sigma F_x = m\bar{a}_x : F_f - mg \sin \beta = -m\bar{a}_x$$

$$\bar{a}_x = r\alpha, \text{ FOR NO SLIPPING, } F_{f, \text{MAX}} = \mu_s N$$

$$\Sigma F_y = m\bar{a}_y : N - mg \cos \beta = 0 \Rightarrow N = mg \cos \beta$$

$$\mu_s mg \cos \beta - mg \sin \beta = -mr\alpha$$

$$\mu_s g \cos \beta - g \sin \beta = -r\alpha$$

$$\Sigma M_C = \Sigma (M_C)_{\text{EFF}} \uparrow : r \cdot mg \sin \beta = r \cdot m\bar{a}_x + \bar{I}\alpha$$

$$\bar{I} = mK_o^2, \bar{a}_x = r\alpha$$

$$r mg \sin \beta = r m \cdot r\alpha + mK_o^2 \alpha$$

$$\sin \beta = \frac{r^2 \alpha + K_o^2 \alpha}{rg} = \frac{(r^2 + K_o^2) \alpha}{rg}$$

$$\alpha = \left[ \frac{rg}{(r^2 + K_o^2)} \right] \sin \beta$$

PROB. 16-96 CONT.

$$\mu_s g \cos \beta - g \sin \beta = -r \left[ \frac{r g}{(r^2 + k_0^2)} \right] \sin \beta$$

$$\mu_s \cos \beta = \left[ 1 - \frac{r^2}{(r^2 + k_0^2)} \right] \sin \beta$$

$$\mu_s \cos \beta = \left[ \frac{r^2 + k_0^2 - r^2}{(r^2 + k_0^2)} \right] \sin \beta$$

$$\tan \beta = \mu_s \left( \frac{r^2 + k_0^2}{k_0^2} \right)$$

$$\beta = \tan^{-1} \left\{ \mu_s \left[ \left( \frac{r}{k_0} \right)^2 + 1 \right] \right\}$$