

Problem 10.28:

- 28.** A cone-shaped paper drinking cup (like the kind used at water fountains) has a radius R and a height H . If the water height in the cup is h , the water volume is given by

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{R}{H} \right)^2 h^3$$

Suppose that the cup's dimensions are $R=1.5$ in. and $H = 4$ in.

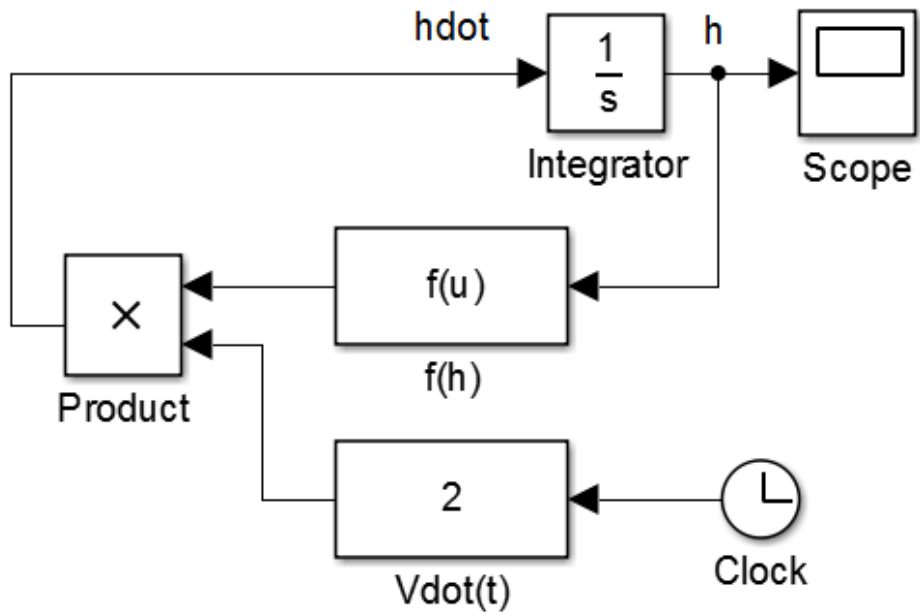
- a. If the flow rate from the fountain into the cup is $2 \text{ in.}^3/\text{sec}$, use Simulink to determine how long will it take to fill the cup to the brim.
- b. If the flow rate from the fountain into the cup is given by $2(1 - e^{-2t}) \text{ in.}^3/\text{sec}$, use Simulink to determine how long will it take to fill the cup to the brim.

$$V = \frac{\pi}{3} \left(\frac{R}{H} \right)^2 h^3$$

Take the derivative of both sides of the equation with respect to t :

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{3} \left(\frac{R}{H} \right)^2 3h^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\dot{h} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{H}{R} \right)^2 \frac{\dot{V}}{h^2}$$



Function Block Parameters: f(h)

Fcn
 General expression block. Use "u" as the input variable name.
 Example: $\sin(u(1)*\exp(2.3*(-u(2))))$

Parameters

Expression:

Sample time (-1 for inherited):

OK Cancel Help Apply

Function Block Parameters: Integrator

Integrator
Continuous-time integration of the input signal.

Parameters

External reset: none

Initial condition source: internal

Initial condition:
0.001

Limit output

Upper saturation limit:
inf

Lower saturation limit:
-inf

Show saturation port

Show state port

Absolute tolerance:
auto

Ignore limit and reset when linearizing

Enable zero-crossing detection

OK Cancel Help Apply

Styles

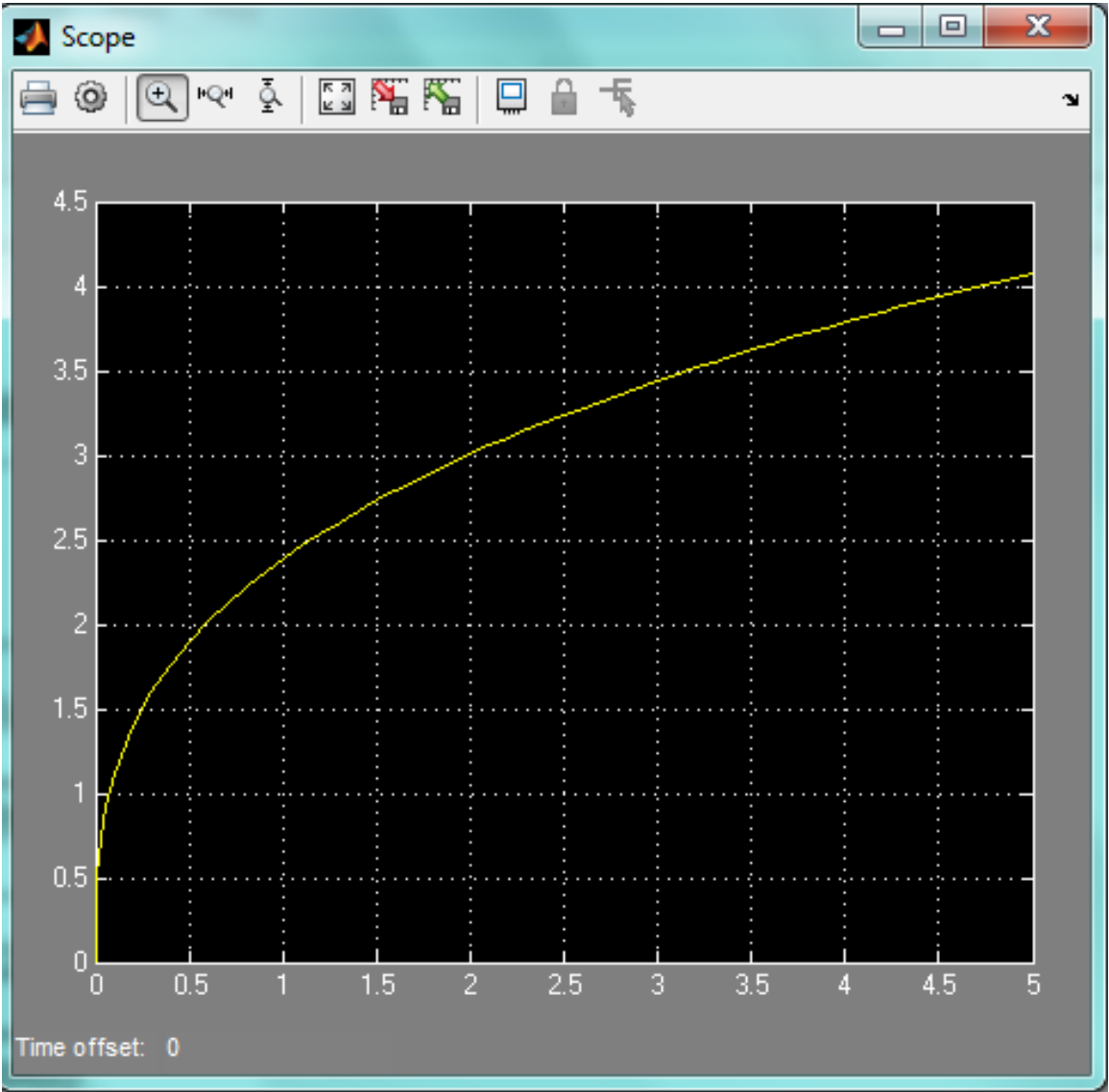
Tools Help

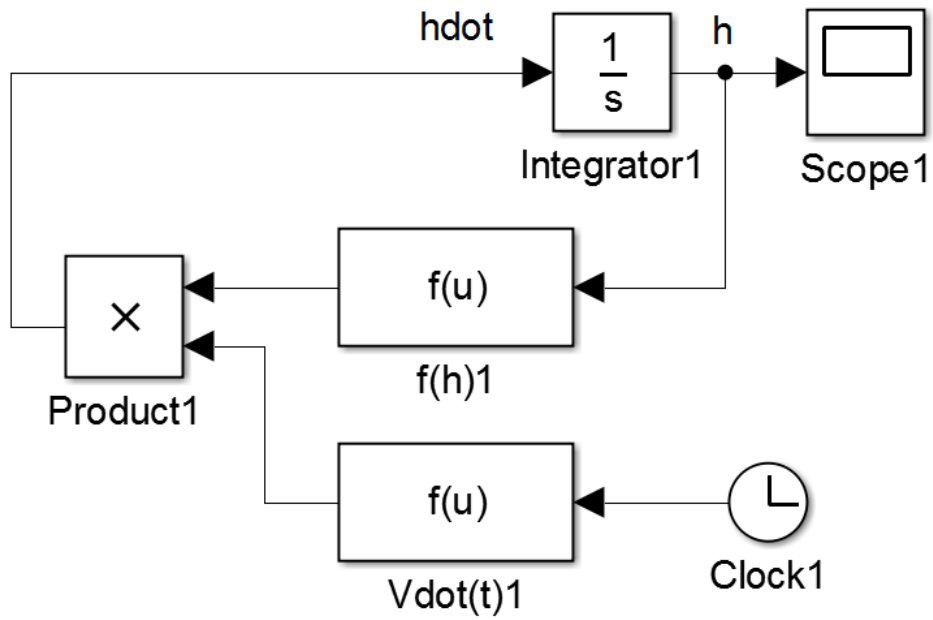
5

Integrator

h

c





$f(u)$

$f(h)1$

$f(u)$

$Vdot(t)1$

Function Block Parameters: Vdot(t)1

Fcn

General expression block. Use "u" as the input variable name.
Example: $\sin(u(1)*\exp(2.3*(-u(2))))$

Parameters

Expression:

Sample time (-1 for inherited):

