## ME 1020 Engineering Programming with MATLAB

## Problem 4.42:

**42.** The height and speed of a projectile (such as a thrown ball) launched with a speed of  $v_0$  at an angle A to the horizontal are given by

$$h(t) = v_0 t \sin A - 0.5 g t^2$$
  
$$v(t) = \sqrt{v_0^2 - 2v_0 g t \sin A + g^2 t^2}$$

where g is the acceleration due to gravity. The projectile will strike the ground when h(t) = 0, which gives the time to hit  $t_{\text{bit}} = 2(v_0/g) \sin A$ .

Use the switch structure to write a MATLAB program to compute the maximum height reached by the projectile, the total horizontal distance traveled, or the time to hit. The program should accept as input the user's choice of which quantity to compute and the values of  $v_0$ , A, and g. Test the program for the case where  $v_0 = 40$  m/s,  $A = 30^0$ , and g = 9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

```
% Problem 4.42
       clear
       disp('Problem 4.42: Scott Thomas')
      disp('Friction Force Computer')
       v0 = input('Input Initial Velocity (m/s): ');
       A = input('Input Angle to Horizontal (degrees): ');
       g = input('Input Acceleration due to Gravity (m/s^2): ');
11 -
      disp('To Determine Maximum Height, Type 1')
12 -
      disp('To Determine Horizontal Distance Traveled, Type 2')
      disp('To Determine Time to Hit, Type 3')
15 -
      timehit = 2*v0/g*sin(pi*A/180);
      time = linspace(0,timehit,100);
      height = v0*time.*sin(pi*A/180) - 0.5*g*time.^2;
      heightmax = max(height);
      distance = v0^2/g*sin(2*pi*A/180);
20
21 -
       quantity = input('Input Desired Quantity: ');
22 -
       switch quantity
23 -
          case 1
24 -
               disp('Maximum Height (m)')
25 -
                heightmax
26 -
          case 2
27 -
               disp('Horizontal Distance Traveled (m)')
                distance
          case 3
               disp('Time to Hit (s)')
31 -
               timehit
32 -
          otherwise
33 -
               disp('Incorrect Response')
34 -
        end
35
```

```
Problem 4.42: Scott Thomas
  Friction Force Computer
  Input Initial Velocity (m/s): 40
  Input Angle to Horizontal (degrees): 30
  Input Acceleration due to Gravity (m/s^2): 9.81
  To Determine Maximum Height, Type 1
  To Determine Horizontal Distance Traveled, Type 2
  To Determine Time to Hit, Type 3
  Input Desired Quantity: 1
  Maximum Height (m)
  heightmax =
     20.3853
f_{\frac{x}{2}} >>
  Problem 4.42: Scott Thomas
  Friction Force Computer
  Input Initial Velocity (m/s): 40
  Input Angle to Horizontal (degrees): 30
  Input Acceleration due to Gravity (m/s^2): 9.81
  To Determine Maximum Height, Type 1
  To Determine Horizontal Distance Traveled, Type 2
  To Determine Time to Hit, Type 3
  Input Desired Quantity: 2
  Horizontal Distance Traveled (m)
  distance =
   141.2478
f_{\overset{\cdot}{x}} >>
  Problem 4.42: Scott Thomas
  Friction Force Computer
  Input Initial Velocity (m/s): 40
  Input Angle to Horizontal (degrees): 30
  Input Acceleration due to Gravity (m/s^2): 9.81
  To Determine Maximum Height, Type 1
  To Determine Horizontal Distance Traveled, Type 2
  To Determine Time to Hit, Type 3
  Input Desired Quantity: 3
  Time to Hit (s)
  timehit =
      4.0775
fx >>
```

```
Problem 4.42: Scott Thomas
Friction Force Computer
Input Initial Velocity (m/s): 40
Input Angle to Horizontal (degrees): 30
Input Acceleration due to Gravity (m/s^2): 9.81
To Determine Maximum Height, Type 1
To Determine Horizontal Distance Traveled, Type 2
To Determine Time to Hit, Type 3
Input Desired Quantity: 4
Incorrect Response
```