FINAL EXAM Open Book, Closed Notes, Do not write on this sheet, Show all work

Problem 1: (35 points) By <u>direct integration</u>, derive expressions for the area and the location of the centroid of the area shown from the *y*-axis.



Problem 2: (25 points) Determine the internal forces at point *K* of the structure shown.



See back of this page for Problems 3 and 4.

Problem 3: (20 points) Block *A* supports a pipe column and rests as shown on wedge *B*. Knowing that the coefficient of static friction at all surfaces of contact is 0.25 and that $\theta = 45^{\circ}$, determine the smallest force **P** required to raise block *A*.



Problem 4: (20 points) Determine the moment of inertia of the area shown with respect to the centroidal axis parallel to side *AB*.



FINAL EXAM, ME2120, FALL 2014 PROB. 1 - (-2a,b) (-a,o) -> X FIND Y=MX+9 $M = \frac{Y_2 - Y_1}{X_2 - X_1} = \frac{(0 - b)}{(-a) - (-2a)} = -\frac{b}{a}$ Y=mx+9: EVALUATE AT X=-a, Y=0 $0 = -\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)\left(-a\right) + g$ 9=-6 $Y = \left(-\frac{b}{a}\right) \cdot X - b$ $A = \int dA = \int_{-2a}^{-a} Y dx = \int_{-2a}^{-a} \left[-\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) x - b \right] dx$ $A = -b \int_{-a}^{-a} \left(\frac{x}{a} + 1 \right) dx$

PROB. 1 CODT. $A = -b \left[\frac{x^2}{2a} + x \right]^{-a}$ $= -b\left\{ \left[\frac{(-a)}{2a} + (-a) \right] - \left[\frac{(-2a)}{2a} + (-2a) \right] \right\}$ $= -b\left(\frac{a^2}{2a} - a - \frac{4a^2}{7a} + 2a\right)$ $=-ab(\frac{1}{2}-1-2+2)$ A= tab $\overline{X} = \frac{1}{A} \int X_{el} dA$, $X_{el} = X$, dA = Y dX $\overline{X} = \frac{1}{A} \int_{-7a}^{-a} X \left[-\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) \cdot X - b \right] dx$ $= -\frac{b}{A} \int_{-2\pi}^{\alpha} \left(\frac{x^2}{\alpha} + x \right) dx$ $= -\frac{b}{A} \left[\frac{x^3}{3\alpha} + \frac{x^2}{2} \right]^{-\alpha}$ $= -\frac{b}{A} \int \frac{(-a)^{2}}{3a} + \frac{(-a)^{2}}{2} - \int \frac{(-2a)^{2}}{3a} + \frac{(-2a)^{2}}{2} \int \frac{(-2a)^{2}}{$ $= -\frac{b}{4} \left(-\frac{a^{3}}{3a} + \frac{a^{2}}{2} + \frac{8a^{3}}{3a} - \frac{4a^{2}}{2} \right)$

$$\begin{array}{l}
PDDB, t = CONT. \\
\overline{X} = -\frac{ba^2}{A} \left(-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{9}{3} - 2 \right) \\
= -\frac{ba^2}{(\frac{1}{2}ab)} \cdot \left(-\frac{2+3+16-12}{6} \right) \\
= -2a \left(-\frac{5}{6} \right) \\
\overline{X} = -\frac{5}{3}a \\
\end{array}$$

0 PROB. 7.6 $ZF_x = 0$: $A_x + C_x = 0$ FBD AAY 2Fy=0: Ay + Cy-100=0 \$ ZMA = 0 + 5 : 24 - (24") (100") + (15") Cx = 0 (x = 160 "B, Ax = - 160 "B A.Y A.Y A.R 2Fx=0: Bx-160=0, Bx=160" Bx 2Fy=0: Ay + By=0 160 ZMA=0 9: (18")By + (7.5")(160)=0 $B_{Y} = -66.67^{LB}, A_{Y} = -66.67^{4B}$ Cy - (-66,67)-100 = 0 Cy = 33.33 " Ag $\theta = TAN^{-1}\left(\frac{7.5}{18}\right) = 22.62^{\circ}$ CUT POINT K: VK FK MANT TAND = YK 33,33'B MK T TK MANT TAND = 12 YK = 12 TAN 22.62 = 5.0 " 160-13-

Z PROB. 7,6 CONT. FK = (FK COS 22,62°)2 + (FK SIN 22.62)2 4 FK = (0,923 FK) 2 + (0,385 FK) 2 48 Vr= (Vr(05112.6)2 + (Vr SIN112.6)1 "B $V_{k} = (-0.385V_{k})\hat{i} + (0.923V_{k})\hat{j}^{4B}$ 2Fx=0: 160 +0.923FK -0.385VK =0 VK = 415,6 + 2,397 FK () 2Fy=0: 33,33 + 0.385 Fx + 0.923 Vx = 0 33.33 + 0.385 FK + 0.923 (415.6 + 2.397 FK) = 0 (0.385 +2.212) FK = -33.33 70.923.415.6 FK = - 160 "B VK = 415.6 +2.397 (-160) VK = 32,1 CD 2MK=0): MK + (5.0")(160") - (12")(33.33")=0 MK = - 4001N-43

PROB. 5,139 1 W=1000 "B Fz VtF 1/2 Fz 2 F3 FBD BLOCK 1: 2Fx=0: N, -0.707 F2 -0.707 N2=0 F2 = 12, N2 = 0,25 N2 $N_1 = 0.707 (0.25 N_L) + 0.707 N_2$ N, = 0,884 N2 () 25y=0: -1000 - F1 -0.707 F2 +0.707 N2 =0 -1000 - 0.25N, -0.707 (0.25N2) +0.707Nz =0 -1000-0.25 (0.884N2) + 0.530N2 = 0 N2 = 3236 LB

ERC. NET (4) PROB. 8,139 CONT. FBD BLOCK 2: 2Fy=0: -0.707 N2 + 0.707 F2 + N3 = 0 -0,707 N2 +0,707 (0,25 N2) + N3 = 0 N3 = 0,707 (3236) - 0.707 (0.25) 3236) N3 = 1716 LB 2Fx=0: 0,707 N2 +0,707 F2 + F3 - P=0 P = 0.707(3236) + 0.707(0.25)(3236) + 0.25(1716)P = 3289 6B

PROB, 9434 9.43 FIND IX · · (2) 0 10,5 AREA 1: A= (4)(10.5) -4- $A_1 = 42^{(N)}, \overline{Y}_1 = \frac{1}{2}(10.5) = 5.25^{(N)}, \overline{Y}_1A_1 = (42)(5.25)$ Y. A. = 220.5 IN AREA 2: $A_2 = (4^{10})(19^{10}) = 76^{10^2}, \overline{Y}_2 = 10.5 + \frac{1}{2}(4) = 12.5^{10}$ Y2 A2 = 950 1N3 AREA 3: $A_3 = (2^{(N)})(16^{(N)}) = 32^{(N)^2}, \overline{7}_3 = 14.5 + \frac{1}{2}(2) = 15.5^{(N)}$ T3A3 = (32)(15.5) = 496 1N3 $\overline{Y} = (220.5 + 950 + 496 \text{ (N}^3) / (42 + 76 + 32 \text{ (N}^2))$ ¥ = 1(,11 1) (5.39)

PROB. 9.43 CONT. $\overline{I}_{x} = (I_{x})_{1} + (I_{x})_{2} + (I_{x})_{3}$ $(I_x)_1 = \frac{1}{12}bh^3 + Ad^2 = \frac{1}{12}(4^{W}\chi_{10.5}^{W})^3 = (4\chi_{10.5}^{W}\chi_{10.5})^2$ (Ix) = 1828 1" $(I_{x})_{2} = \frac{1}{12}(19^{10})(4^{10})^{3} + (19)(4)(1-11-2)^{2}$ (Ix)2 = 136 124 248 14. $(I_x)_3 = t_2 (16')^2 (2')^3 + (16) (2) (16.5 - 11.11 - 1)^2$ (Ix), = 627 "" Ix = 1828 + 248 + 627 Ir. = 2703 1N4