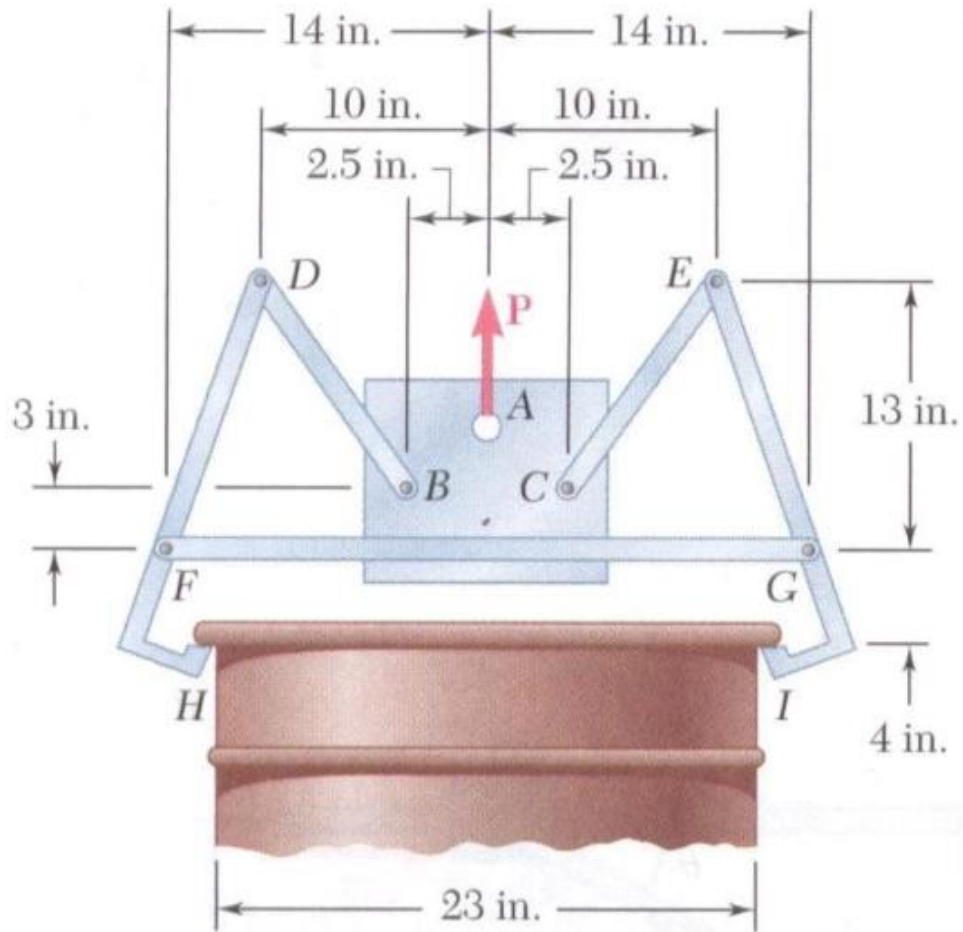
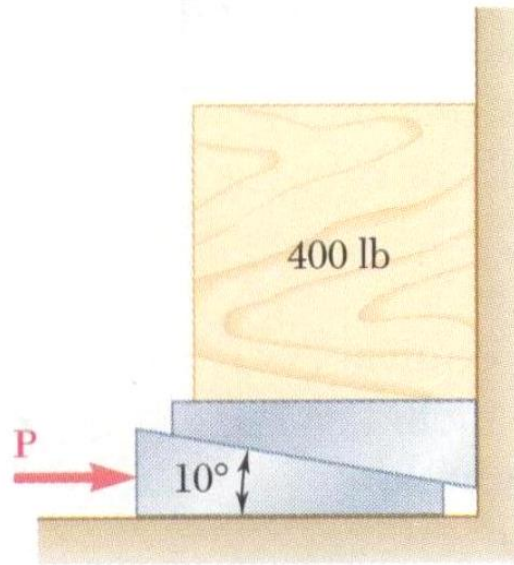


ME 2120: STATICS
FINAL EXAM
OPEN BOOK, CLOSED NOTES

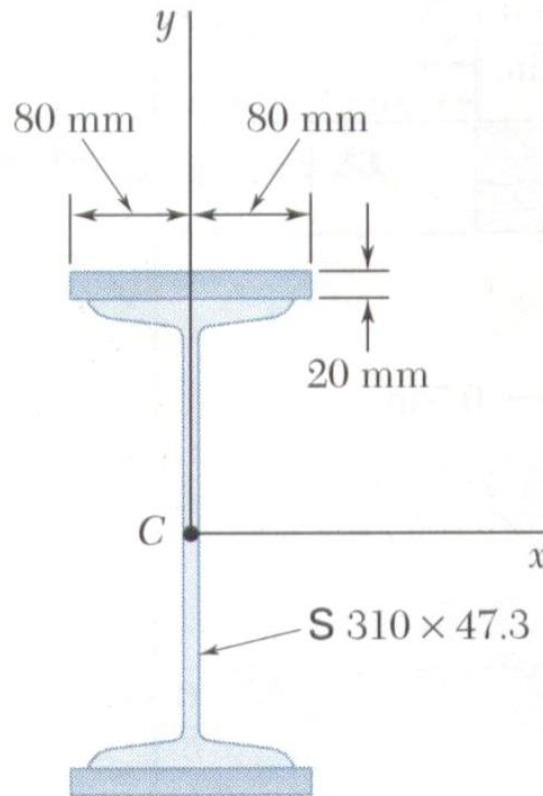
Problem 1 (9 points): The drum lifter shown is used to lift a steel drum. Knowing that the weight of the drum and its contents is 110 lb, determine the forces exerted at F and H on member DFH .



Problem 2 (9 points): Two 10° wedges of negligible weight are used to move and position the 400-lb block. Knowing that the coefficient of static friction at all surfaces of contact is 0.25, determine the smallest force P that should be applied as shown to the bottom wedge.

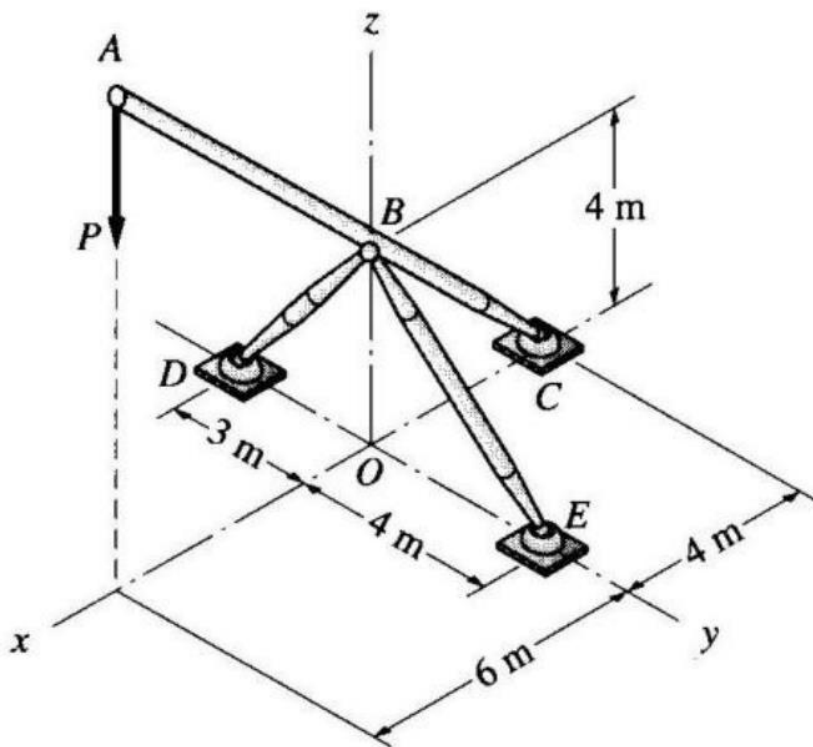


Problem 3 (10 points): Two 20-mm steel plates are welded to a rolled S section as shown. Determine the moment of inertia of the section with respect to the centroidal x axis.

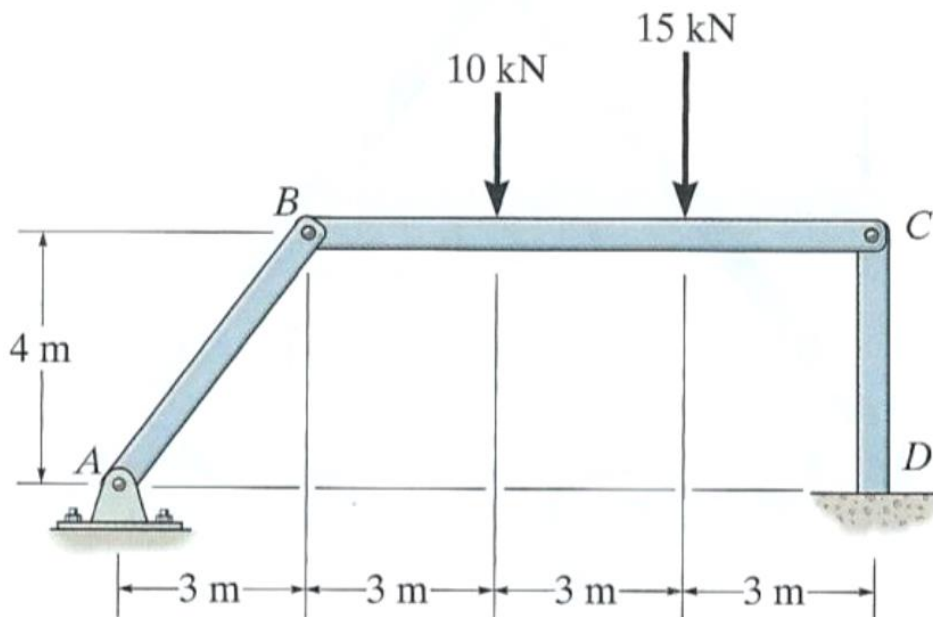


Problem 4 (1 point each, no partial credit): Draw the free-body diagram(s) for the following situations. **Do not solve for the numerical answers!**

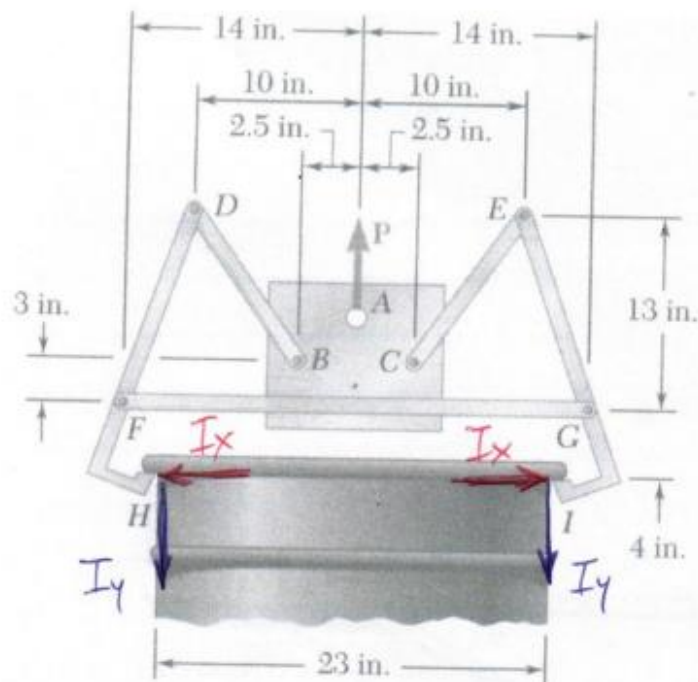
- A. A hoist is formed by connecting bars BD and BE to member ABC . Neglecting the weights of the members and assuming that all connections are ball-and-socket joints, determine the magnitudes of the forces in bars BD and BE in terms of the applied load P .



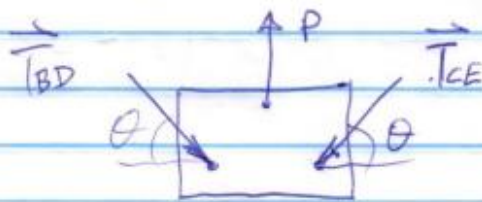
- B. Determine the reactions at D .



Problem 1 (points): The drum lifter shown is used to lift a steel drum. Knowing that the weight of the drum and its contents is 110 lb, determine the forces exerted at F and H on member DFH .



$$\sum F_y = 0: I_y = \frac{1}{2}P = \frac{1}{2}(110 \text{ LB}) = 55 \text{ LB}$$



$$\theta = \text{TAN}^{-1}\left(\frac{10}{7.5}\right) = 53.1^\circ$$

$$\vec{T}_{CE} = (-T_{CE} \cdot \cos 53.1^\circ) \hat{i} + (-T_{CE} \cdot \sin 53.1^\circ) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{T}_{CE} = (-0.6 T_{CE}) \hat{i} + (-0.8 T_{CE}) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

(2)

PROB. 1, CONT.

$$\vec{T}_{BD} = (T_{BD} \cdot \cos 53.1^\circ) \hat{i} + (-T_{BD} \cdot \sin 53.1^\circ) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

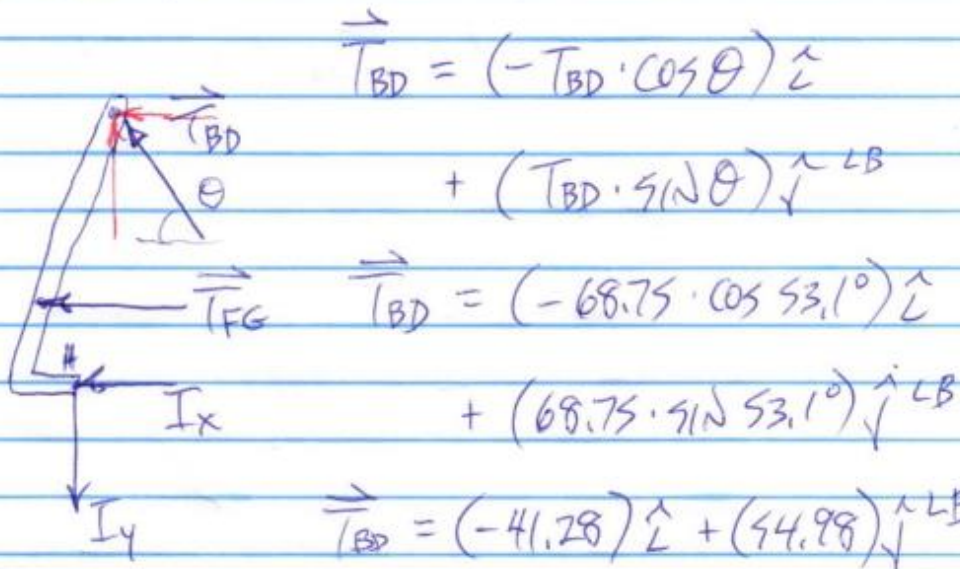
$$\vec{T}_{BD} = (0.6 T_{BD}) \hat{i} + (-0.8 T_{BD}) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0: P - 0.8 T_{CE} - 0.8 T_{BD} = 0$$

BY INSPECTION/SYMMETRY, $T_{CE} = T_{BD}$

$$P = 1.6 T_{BD}$$

$$T_{BD} = \frac{1}{1.6} (110 \text{ LB}) = 68.75 \text{ LB}$$



$$\vec{T}_{BD} = (-T_{BD} \cdot \cos \theta) \hat{i}$$

$$+ (T_{BD} \cdot \sin \theta) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{T}_{BD} = (-68.75 \cdot \cos 53.1^\circ) \hat{i}$$

$$+ (68.75 \cdot \sin 53.1^\circ) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{T}_{BD} = (-41.28) \hat{i} + (54.98) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0: -41.28 - T_{FG} - I_x = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0: 54.98 - I_y = 0 \quad \boxed{I_y = 54.98 \text{ LB}}$$

PROB. 1, CONT.

3

$$\sum M_H = 0 \quad \uparrow :$$

$$(4 \text{ IN}) T_{FG} + (11.5 - 10 \text{ IN})(44.98 \text{ LB})$$

$$+ (17 \text{ IN})(41.28 \text{ LB}) = 0$$

$$\boxed{T_{FG} = -196 \text{ LB} \quad \oplus}$$

$$I_x = -41.28 - (-196)$$

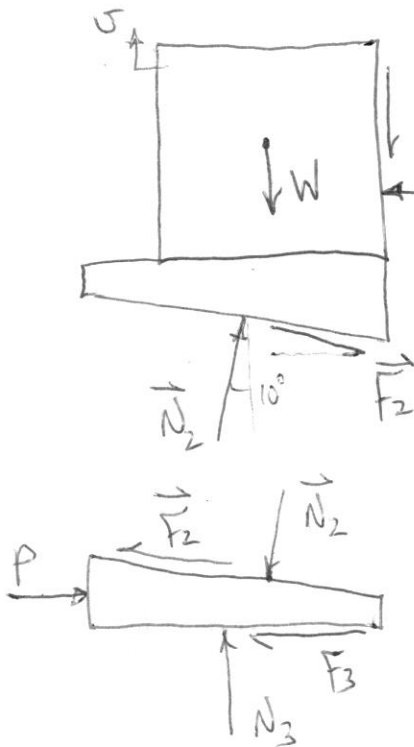
$$\boxed{I_x = 155 \text{ LB}}$$

PROB. 8.64

$W = 400 \text{ LB}$, $\mu_s = 0.25$, FIND P_{MIN}

①

IMPENDING MOTION:



$$F = \mu_s \cdot N$$

$$\vec{N}_2 = (N_2 \cdot \sin 10^\circ) \hat{i} + (N_2 \cdot \cos 10^\circ) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{N}_2 = (0.1736 N_2) \hat{i} + (0.9848 N_2) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{F}_2 = (F_2 \cdot \cos 10^\circ) \hat{i} + (-F_2 \cdot \sin 10^\circ) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{F}_2 = (0.9848 F_2) \hat{i} + (-0.1736 F_2) \hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

BLOCK AND WEDGE:

$$\sum F_x = 0 : -N_1 + 0.1736 N_2 + 0.9848 F_2 = 0 \quad \text{①}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 : -F_1 - W + 0.9848 N_2 - 0.1736 F_2 = 0 \quad \text{②}$$

EQU. ①:

$$-N_1 + 0.1736 N_2 + 0.9848 \cdot (0.25 \cdot N_2) = 0$$

$$N_1 = 0.4198 \cdot N_2$$

8-64, CONT.

(2)

EQN. (2) :

$$-(0.25 N_1) - 400 + 0.9848 N_2 - 0.1736(0.25 N_2) = 0$$

$$-0.25(0.4198 N_2) - 400 + 0.9414 N_2 = 0$$

$$0.8365 N_2 = 400$$

$$N_2 = 478.2 \text{ LB}$$

$$N_1 = 0.4198 \cdot (478.2) = 200.8 \text{ LB}$$

EQN. (1) :

$$-N_1 + 0.1736 N_2 + 0.9848 F_2 = 0$$

$$F_2 = \left(\frac{1}{0.9848} \right) \left[(200.8) - 0.1736(478.2) \right]$$

$$F_2 = 119.6 \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{N}_2 = [0.1736(478.2)] \hat{c} + [0.9848(478.2)] \hat{y} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{N}_2 = (83.02) \hat{c} + (470.9) \hat{y} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{R}_2 = \sqrt{(83.02 + 117.8)^2 + (470.9 - 20.76)^2} =$$

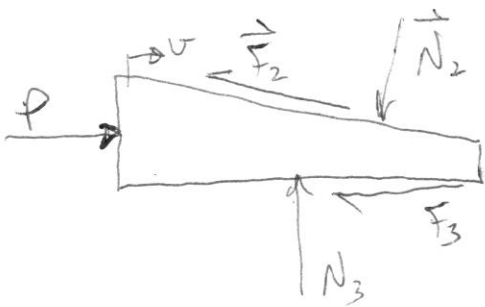
8-64, CONT.

③

$$\vec{F}_2 = [0.9848(119.6)]\hat{i} + [-0.1736(119.6)]\hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{F}_2 = (117.8)\hat{i} + (-20.76)\hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

LOWER WEDGE: FLIP SIGNS ON \vec{N}_2 AND \vec{F}_2



$$\vec{N}_2 = (-83.02)\hat{i} + (-470.9)\hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\vec{F}_2 = (-117.8)\hat{i} + (20.76)\hat{j} \text{ LB}$$

$$\Sigma F_x = 0: P - F_3 - 117.8 - 83.02 = 0$$

$$P = F_3 + 200.8$$

$$P = 0.25 N_3 + 200.8 \quad (1)$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0: N_3 + 20.76 - 470.9 = 0$$

$$N_3 = 450.1 \text{ LB}$$

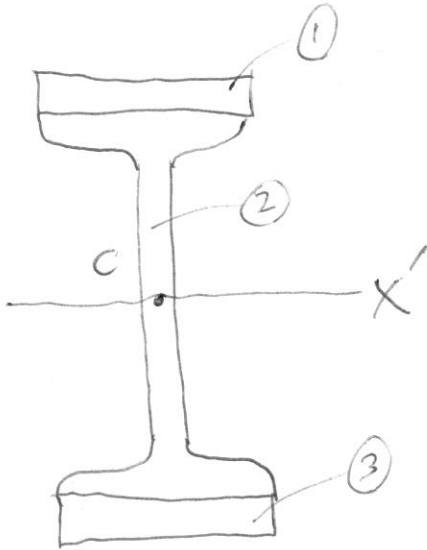
$$P = 0.25(450.1) + 200.8$$

$$P = 313.3 \text{ LB}$$

PROB. 9.49

①

FIND $\bar{I}_{x'}$



$$(I_x)_1 = \bar{I}_x + A_1 d_1^2 = \frac{1}{12} b h^3 + b h d_1^2$$

$$(I_x)_1 = \frac{1}{12} (160^{\text{mm}})(20^{\text{mm}})^3 + (160^{\text{mm}})(20^{\text{mm}})\left(\frac{30.5}{2} + 10^{\text{mm}}\right)^2$$

$$(I_x)_1 = 8.46 \times 10^7 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$(I_x)_3 = 8.46 \times 10^7 \text{ mm}^4$$

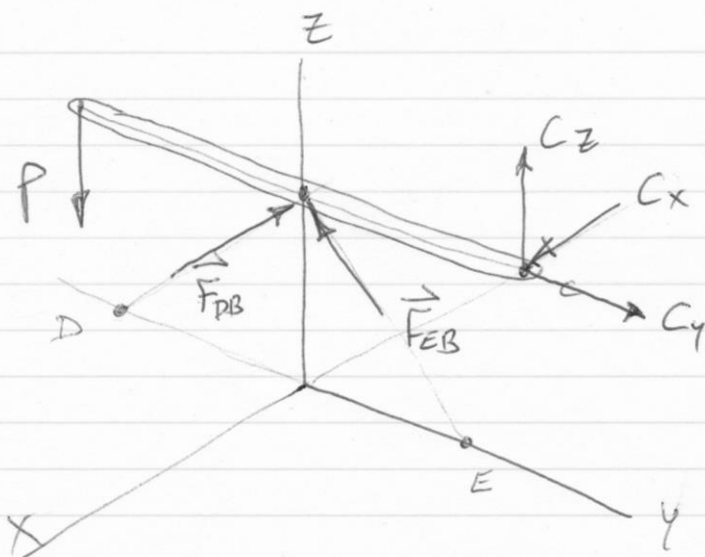
$$(I_x)_2 = 90.7 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$\bar{I}_{x'} = (I_x)_1 + (I_x)_2 + (I_x)_3$$

$$\bar{I}_{x'} = (8.46 \times 10^7) + (90.7 \times 10^6) + (8.46 \times 10^7) \text{ mm}^4$$

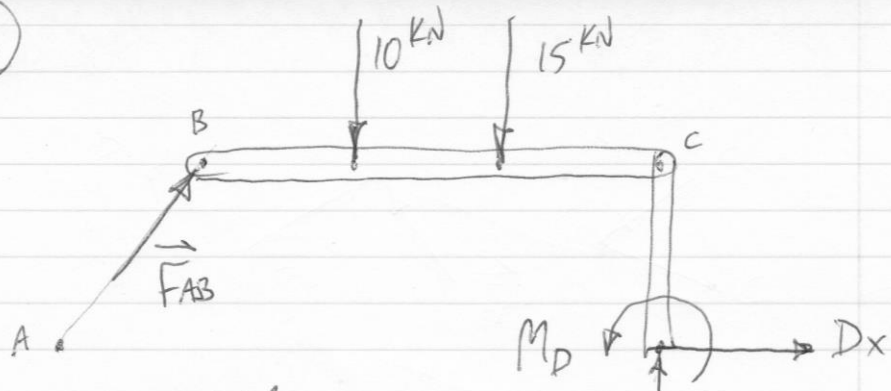
$$\bar{I}_{x'} = 2.60 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$$

(A)

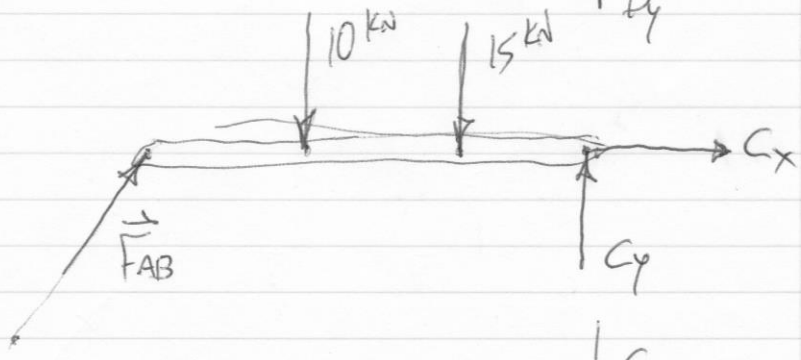


DB AND
EB ARE
2 FM'S

(B)



AB IS A 2FM.



CD IS A
CANTILEVERED BEAM.

