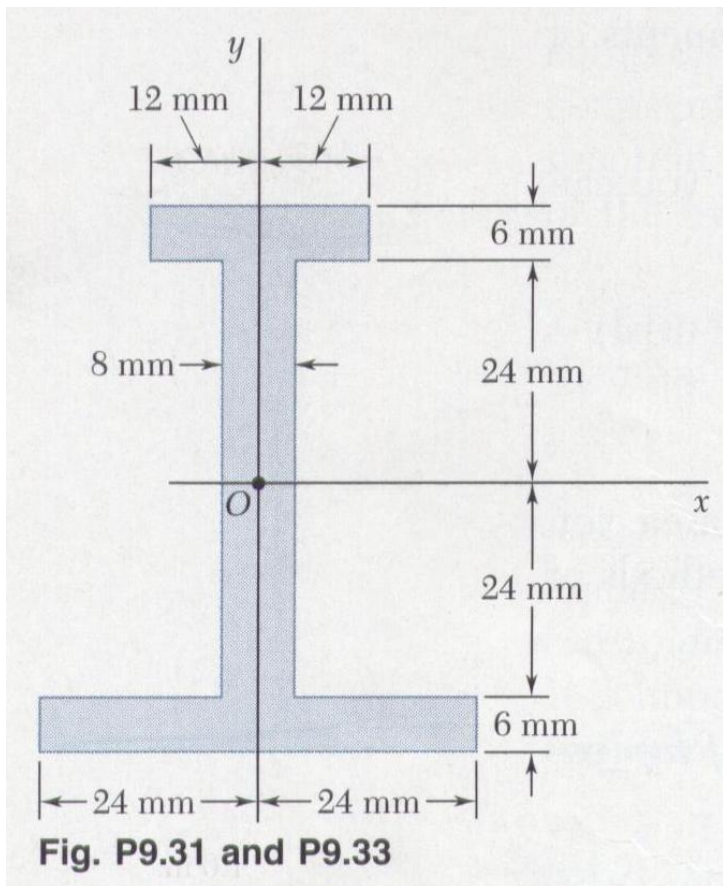


Statics Homework Handout 9:

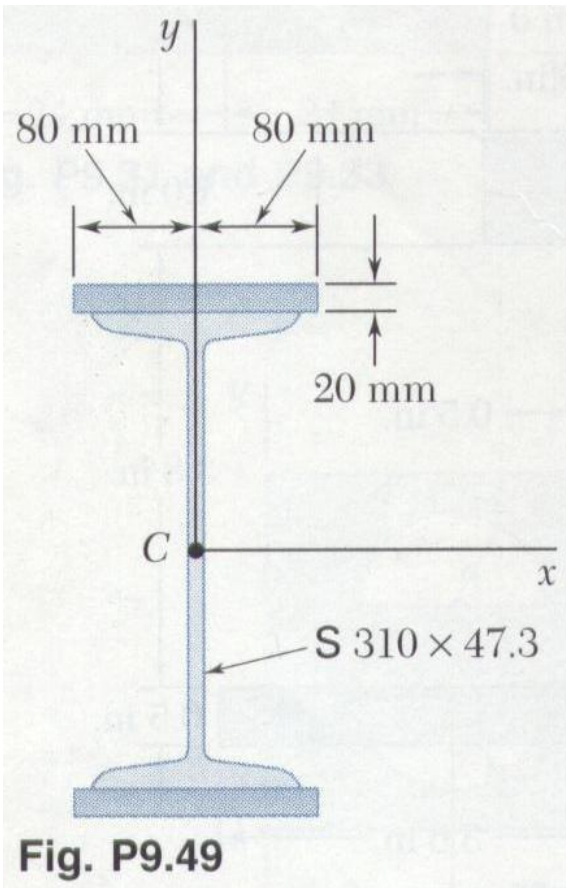
Homework Assignment #9: 9.49, 9.50, 9.51, 9.54, 9.115, 9.127

**9.31 and 9.32** Determine the moment of inertia and the radius of gyration of the shaded area with respect to the  $x$  axis.



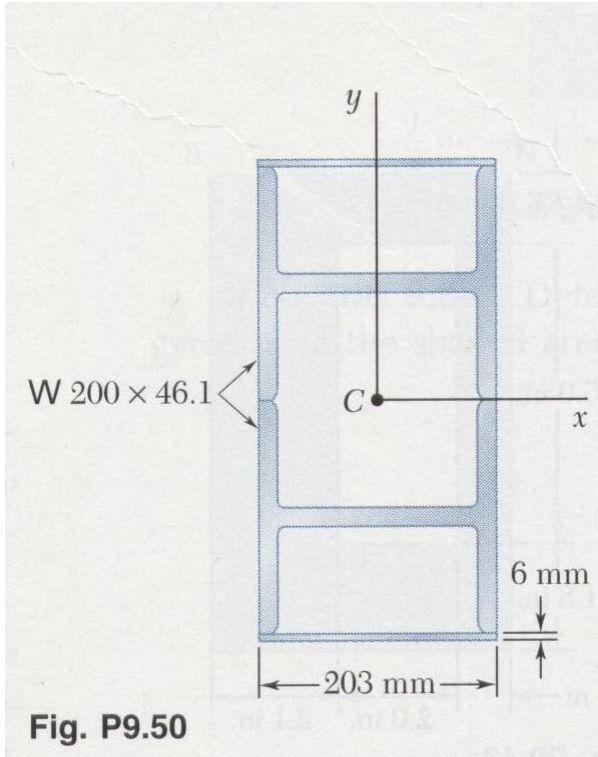
**9.33 and 9.34** Determine the moment of inertia and the radius of gyration of the shaded area with respect to the  $y$  axis.

**9.49** Two 20-mm steel plates are welded to a rolled S section as shown. Determine the moments of inertia and the radii of gyration of the section with respect to the centroidal  $x$  and  $y$  axes.



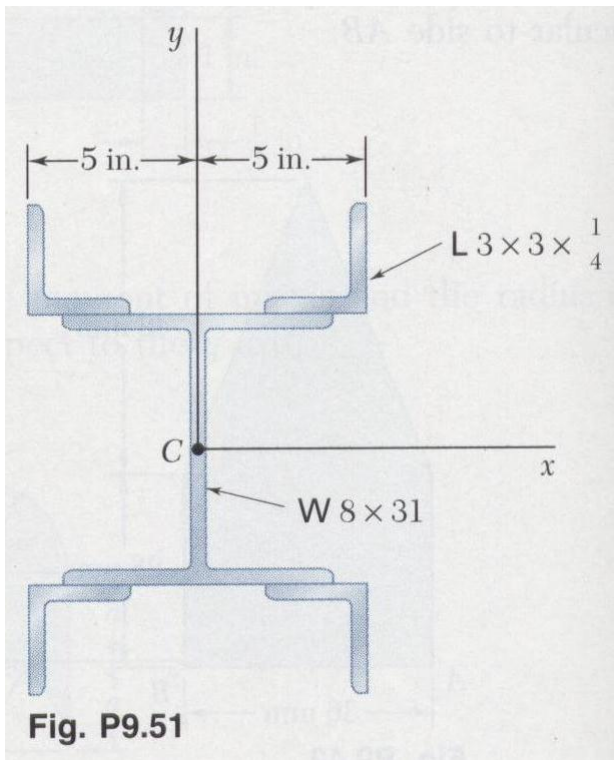
**Fig. P9.49**

**9.50** To form a reinforced box section, two rolled W sections and two plates are welded together. Determine the moments of inertia and the radii of gyration of the combined section with respect to the centroidal axes shown.

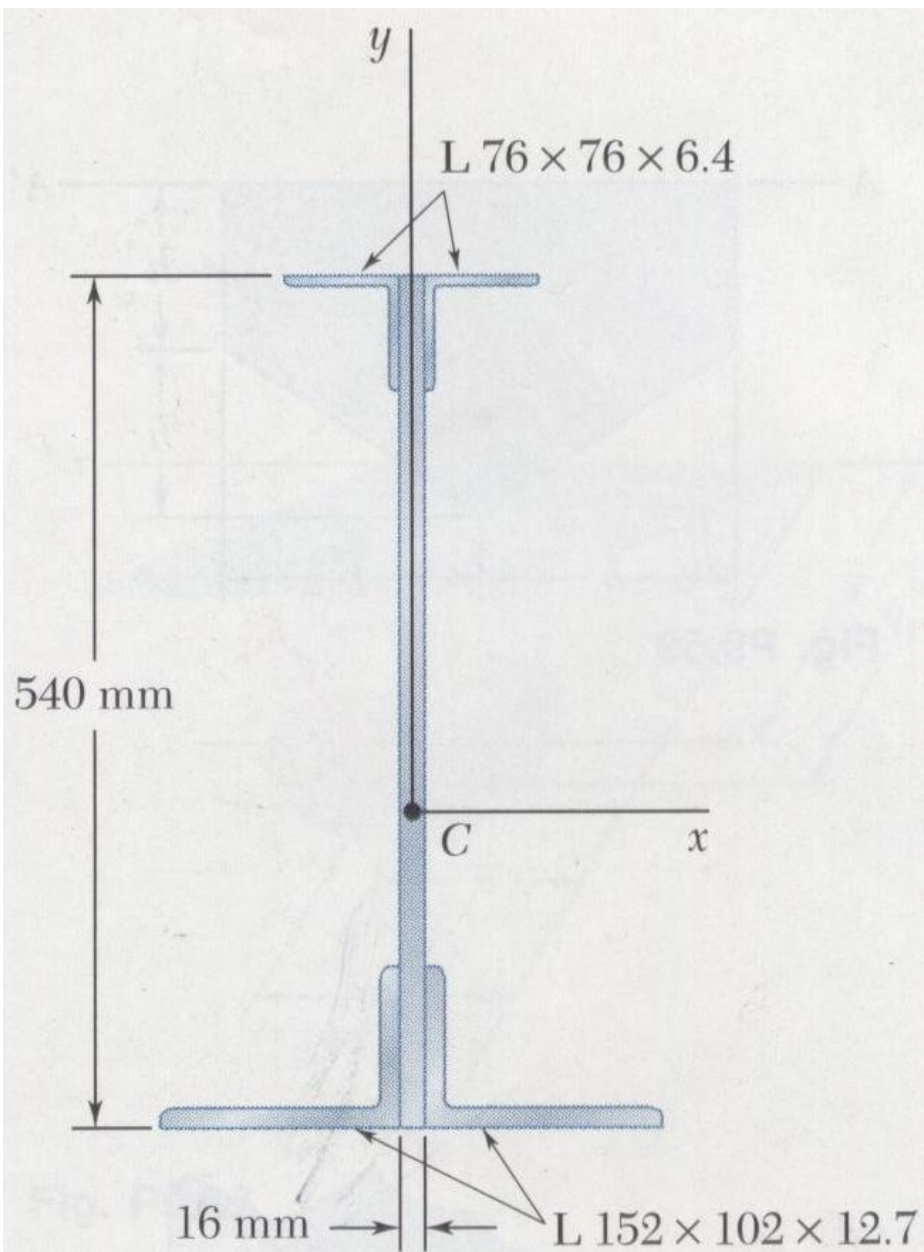


**Fig. P9.50**

**9.51** Four  $3 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{4}$ -in. angles are welded to a rolled W section as shown. Determine the moments of inertia and the radii of gyration of the combined section with respect to its centroidal  $x$  and  $y$  axes.

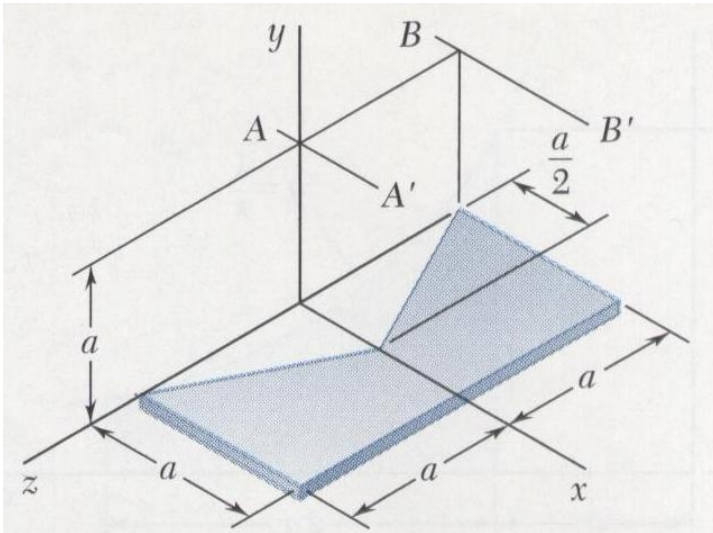


**9.54** To form an unsymmetrical girder, two  $76 \times 76 \times 6.4$ -mm angles and two  $152 \times 102 \times 12.7$ -mm angles are welded to a 16-mm steel plate as shown. Determine the moments of inertia of the combined section with respect to its centroidal  $x$  and  $y$  axes.



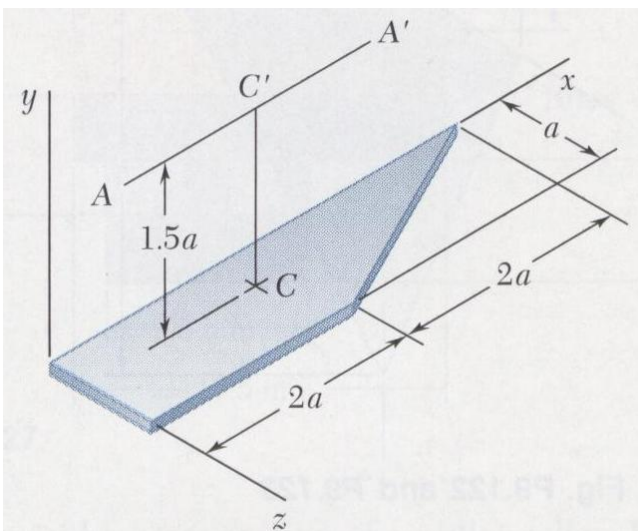
**Fig. P9.54**

**9.115** A piece of thin, uniform sheet metal is cut to form the machine component shown. Denoting the mass of the component by  $m$ , determine its moment of inertia with respect to (a) the  $x$  axis, (b) the  $y$  axis.



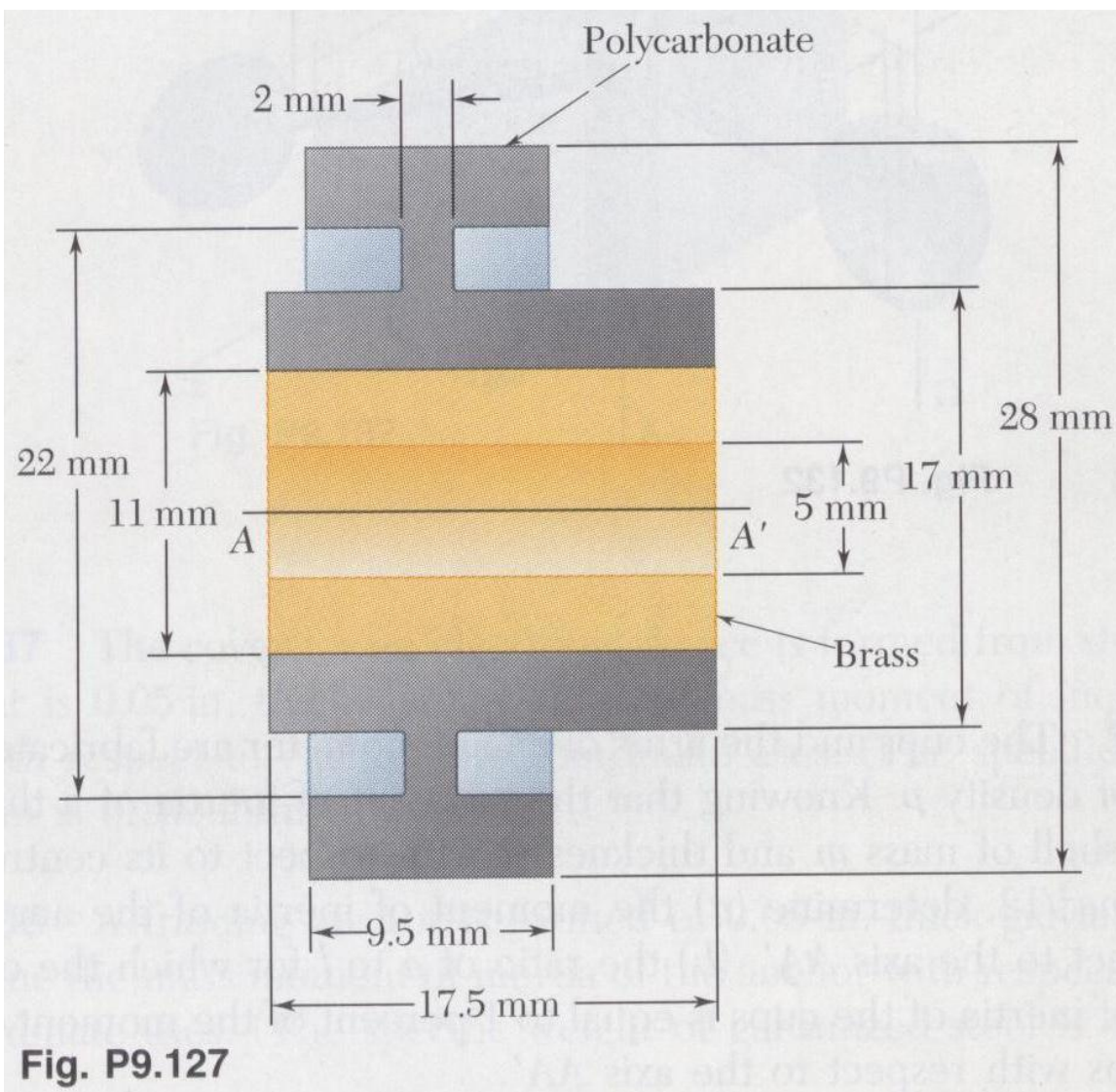
**Fig. P9.115 and P9.116**

**9.117** A thin plate of mass  $m$  has the trapezoidal shape shown. Determine the mass moment of inertia of the plate with respect to (a) the  $x$  axis, (b) the  $y$  axis.



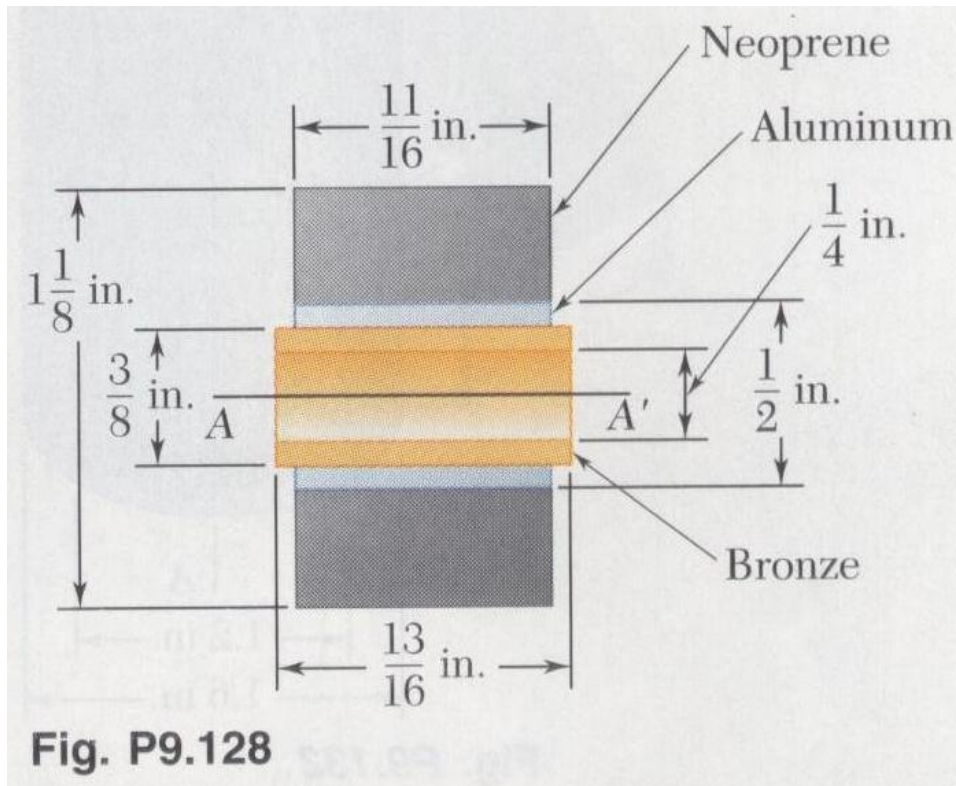
**Fig. P9.117 and P9.118**

**9.127** Shown is the cross section of a molded flat-belt pulley. Determine its moment of inertia and its radius of gyration with respect to the axis  $AA'$ . (The density of brass is  $8650 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and the density of the fiber-reinforced polycarbonate used is  $1250 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .)

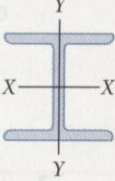
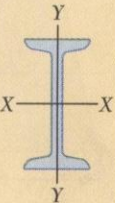
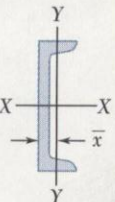
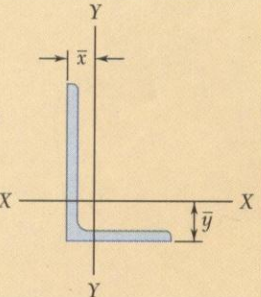


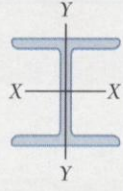
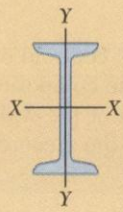
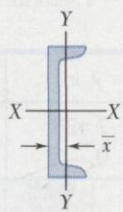
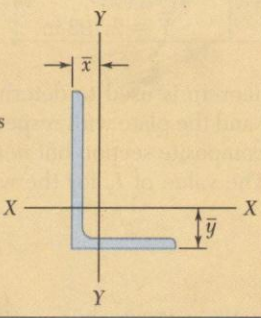
**Fig. P9.127**

**9.128** Shown is the cross section of an idler roller. Determine its mass moment of inertia and its radius of gyration with respect to the axis  $AA'$ . (The specific weight of bronze is  $0.310 \text{ lb/in}^3$ ; of aluminum,  $0.100 \text{ lb/in}^3$ ; and of neoprene,  $0.0452 \text{ lb/in}^3$ .)





	Designation	Area in <sup>2</sup>	Depth in.	Width in.	Axis X-X			Axis Y-Y		
					$\bar{I}_x$ , in <sup>4</sup>	$\bar{k}_x$ , in.	$\bar{y}$ , in.	$\bar{I}_y$ , in <sup>4</sup>	$\bar{k}_y$ , in.	$\bar{x}$ , in.
W Shapes (Wide-Flange Shapes) 	W18 × 76†	22.3	18.21	11.035	1330	7.73	152	2.61		
	W16 × 57	16.8	16.43	7.120	758	6.72	43.1	1.60		
	W14 × 35	11.2	14.10	6.770	385	5.88	26.7	1.55		
	W8 × 31	9.13	8.00	7.995	110	3.47	37.1	2.02		
S Shapes (American Standard Shapes) 	S18 × 55.7†	16.1	18.00	6.001	804	7.07	20.8	1.14		
	S12 × 31.8	9.35	12.00	5.000	218	4.83	9.36	1.00		
	S10 × 25.4	7.46	10.00	4.661	124	4.07	6.79	0.954		
	S6 × 12.5	3.67	6.00	3.332	22.1	2.45	1.82	0.705		
C Shapes (American Standard Channels) 	C12 × 20.7†	6.09	12.00	2.942	129	4.61	3.88	0.799	0.698	
	C10 × 15.3	4.49	10.00	2.600	67.4	3.87	2.28	0.713	0.634	
	C8 × 11.5	3.38	8.00	2.260	32.6	3.11	1.32	0.625	0.571	
	C6 × 8.2	2.40	6.00	1.920	13.1	2.34	0.692	0.537	0.512	
Angles 	L6 × 6 × 1†	11.00			35.5	1.80	1.86	35.5	1.80	1.86
	L4 × 4 × 1/2	3.75			5.56	1.22	1.18	5.56	1.22	1.18
	L3 × 3 × 1/4	1.44			1.24	0.930	0.842	1.24	0.930	0.842
	L6 × 4 × 1/2	4.75			17.4	1.91	1.99	6.27	1.15	0.987
	L5 × 3 × 1/2	3.75			9.45	1.59	1.75	2.58	0.829	0.750
	L3 × 2 × 1/4	1.19			1.09	0.957	0.993	0.392	0.574	0.493

	Designation	Area mm <sup>2</sup>	Depth mm	Width mm	Axis X-X			Axis Y-Y			
					$\bar{I}_x$ 10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	$\bar{k}_x$ mm	$\bar{y}$ mm	$\bar{I}_y$ 10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	$\bar{k}_y$ mm	$\bar{x}$ mm	
W Shapes (Wide-Flange Shapes)		W460 × 113†	14400	463	280	554	196.3	63.3	66.3		
		W410 × 85	10800	417	181	316	170.7	17.94	40.6		
		W360 × 57	7230	358	172	160.2	149.4	11.11	39.4		
		W200 × 46.1	5890	203	203	45.8	88.1	15.44	51.3		
S Shapes (American Standard Shapes)		S460 × 81.4†	10390	457	152	335	179.6	8.66	29.0		
		S310 × 47.3	6032	305	127	90.7	122.7	3.90	25.4		
		S250 × 37.8	4806	254	118	51.6	103.4	2.83	24.2		
		S150 × 18.6	2362	152	84	9.2	62.2	0.758	17.91		
C Shapes (American Standard Channels)		C310 × 30.8†	3929	305	74	53.7	117.1	1.615	20.29	17.73	
		C250 × 22.8	2897	254	65	28.1	98.3	0.949	18.11	16.10	
		C200 × 17.1	2181	203	57	13.57	79.0	0.549	15.88	14.50	
		C150 × 12.2	1548	152	48	5.45	59.4	0.288	13.64	13.00	
Angles		L152 × 152 × 25.4†	7100			14.78	45.6	47.2	14.78	45.6	47.2
		L102 × 102 × 12.7	2420			2.31	30.9	30.0	2.31	30.9	30.0
		L76 × 76 × 6.4	929			0.516	23.6	21.4	0.516	23.6	21.4
		L152 × 102 × 12.7	3060			7.24	48.6	50.5	2.61	29.2	25.1
		L127 × 76 × 12.7	2420			3.93	40.3	44.5	1.074	21.1	19.05
		L76 × 51 × 6.4	768			0.454	24.3	25.2	0.163	14.58	12.52